

STATISTICS OF JEWS

A. THE JEWISH POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES

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As the United States Decennial Census does not include data on religious affiliation, no comprehensive or completely accurate figures on the Jewish population of the United States are available. The Jewish population figures here presented by the writer are, therefore, to be regarded as estimates and the closest approximation to a population census which can be supplied by the methods employed at the present time. The estimates were made in 1937 in connection with the Census of Religious Bodies conducted by the United States Bureau of the Census with the cooperation of the various denominations. In respect of Jewish Congregations the information was gathered by the writer as the special agent of the Bureau of the Census under the supervision of a committee of experts appointed by the American Jewish Committee which paid the costs of the project. As its name indicates, it is a census of religious groups, showing their membership, the number of their ministers and other functionaries, schools and church property. In the case of Jewish congregations, however, membership is construed in a broad sense to include all Jews in communities where there is a congregation, and the results of the census thus constitute an approximation of the total Jewish population of the country, to which must be added the comparatively small number of Jews residing in communities where there are no congregations. Figures are derived from reports submitted by the various congregations and local communal leaders and, in some communities, through actual enumeration, supplemented by the researches of the writer.*

According to the estimates prepared in 1937, a total of 4,770,000 Jews reside in the United States. Of these about 4,640,000 reside in 967 *principal communities*, each of which contains one or more

*For a description of the methods used in connection with the 1926 Census of Religious Bodies, see the writer's *The Jews in the United States, 1927*, New York, American Jewish Committee, p. 23 ff.

permanent congregations, while the remaining 130,000 reside in *subordinate communities* located in cities, villages or rural areas without permanent congregations. In 1937 there were 3,728 congregations throughout the United States, representing an increase of over 19% during the ten-year period 1927-1937, compared with an increase of less than 13% in the number of Jews in the country.

The Jews of the United States are widely distributed. There are Jews in every state of the Union, and every state has at least one principal community. All cities of 25,000 population or over, in every state, have Jewish residents. The same is true of cities of 10,000 to 25,000, in many states, and even of cities of 5,000 to 10,000 in some states. In the urban places of the country, numbering nearly 2,850, 90 of every 100 places have Jewish residents. In the rural incorporated villages of less than 2,500, over 30 in every 100 villages have Jewish residents. Finally, in the unincorporated rural areas, numbering 45,000, nearly 8 of every 100 areas have Jewish residents.

The proportion of Jews to the total population varies between 16.70% in the state of New York and 0.21% in the state of North Carolina. Jews constitute nearly 11% of the total population in cities of 100,000 or over; 2.77% of the total population in cities of 25,000 to 100,000; and between 1.22% and 0.63% of the total population in the other urban places. The ratio of Jews to the total rural population is very small, being 0.38% of those in rural incorporated, and 0.10% of those in rural unincorporated, places.

The picture of the American Jewish communal structure is not complete without an understanding of the wide differences in number and size to be found among Jewish communities throughout the country. New York City, which counts more than 2,000,000 Jews and 1,330 permanent congregations, is in a class by itself. In addition there are

3 communities of over 100,000 Jews each,
7, of 50,000 to 100,000,
13, of 20,000 to 50,000,
35, of 8,000 to 20,000, and
76, of 2,000 to 8,000 Jews.

But nearly 850 of the 967 principal Jewish communities have 2,000 Jews or less, i. e., about 500 families; while nearly 260 principal communities have less than 100 Jews each. Of the 9,580 subordinate communities, 103 have 100 or more Jews each, some have between

50 and 100, others between 10 and 50, while the vast majority of places have 10 Jews or less.

The tables that follow give the distribution and the density of the Jews of the country by states, and the number of principal communities and of congregations in each one (table I); the density of the Jews in urban places and in rural territory, by size of place (table II); the groups of Jewish communities and the number of Jews in each one, classified according to the size of the Jewish population (table III); the distribution of the Jews of the City of New York, by boroughs (table IV); the growth of the American Jewish community between 1850 and 1937, covering population, principal communities and congregations (table V); and, finally, a list of cities having 1,000 Jews or more (table VI).

TABLE I

NUMBER OF JEWS, PRINCIPAL COMMUNITIES AND CONGREGATIONS,
BY STATES, 1937

State	Total Population 1940	Jews 1937	Principal Communities 1937	Congregations 1937	P. C. of Jews 1937 ¹	Distribution of Jews 1937
UNITED STATES.....	131,669,275	4,770,647	967	3,728	3.70	100.00
Alabama.....	2,832,961	12,148	13	20	.44	0.25
Arizona.....	499,261	1,847	2	4	.38	0.04
Arkansas.....	1,949,387	6,510	11	12	.34	0.14
California.....	6,907,387	157,471	31	101	2.40	3.31
Colorado.....	1,123,296	21,375	6	23	1.95	0.45
Connecticut.....	1,709,242	93,080	38	92	5.54	1.95
Delaware.....	266,505	6,587	2	6	2.55	0.14
Dist. of Columbia.....	663,091	18,350	1	15	2.99	0.38
Florida.....	1,897,414	21,276	19	30	1.22	0.45
Georgia.....	3,123,723	23,781	17	27	0.78	0.50
Idaho.....	524,873	1,138	1	2	0.23	0.02
Illinois.....	7,897,241	387,330	29	189	4.96	8.12
Indiana.....	3,427,796	28,155	23	44	0.83	0.59
Iowa.....	2,538,268	14,089	17	26	0.56	0.30
Kansas.....	1,801,028	8,287	4	8	0.46	0.17
Kentucky.....	2,845,627	17,894	10	17	0.64	0.38
Louisiana.....	2,363,880	14,942	14	21	0.65	0.31
Maine.....	847,226	9,000	15	23	1.08	0.19
Maryland.....	1,821,244	76,124	8	67	4.31	1.60
Massachusetts.....	4,316,721	262,945	57	186	6.07	5.51
Michigan.....	5,256,106	105,201	24	83	2.13	2.20
Minnesota.....	2,792,300	41,728	8	35	1.53	0.87
Mississippi.....	2,183,796	4,603	16	18	0.22	0.10
Missouri.....	3,784,664	86,572	12	61	2.32	1.81
Montana.....	559,456	1,729	3	4	0.31	0.04
Nebraska.....	1,315,834	14,579	5	12	1.10	0.30
Nevada.....	110,247	379	1	1	0.36	0.01
New Hampshire.....	491,524	3,328	12	13	0.69	0.07
New Jersey.....	4,160,165	267,970	99	236	6.50	5.62
New Mexico.....	531,818	1,179	3	4	0.23	0.02
New York.....	13,479,142	2,206,328	110	1,560	16.70	46.25
North Carolina.....	3,571,623	7,333	20	24	0.21	0.15
North Dakota.....	641,935	2,744	8	8	4.21	0.06
Ohio.....	6,907,612	183,570	39	125	2.69	3.85
Oklahoma.....	2,336,434	7,371	7	10	0.31	0.15
Oregon.....	1,089,684	11,649	3	11	1.11	0.24
Pennsylvania.....	9,900,180	434,616	132	350	4.43	9.11
Rhode Island.....	713,346	27,813	8	27	4.02	0.58
South Carolina.....	1,899,804	5,905	15	19	0.32	0.12
South Dakota.....	642,961	1,963	2	3	0.30	0.04
Tennessee.....	2,915,841	25,811	7	18	0.91	0.54
Texas.....	6,414,824	49,196	37	60	0.79	1.03
Utah.....	550,310	3,166	2	4	0.59	0.07
Vermont.....	359,231	2,000	9	10	0.56	0.04
Virginia.....	2,677,773	25,066	19	34	0.96	0.53
Washington.....	1,736,191	18,422	8	16	1.09	0.39
West Virginia.....	1,901,974	7,213	16	22	0.39	0.15
Wisconsin.....	3,137,587	39,917	22	45	1.30	0.84
Wyoming.....	250,742	967	2	2	0.40	0.02

¹ The percentages for the Jewish population are based on the total population for 1937 as estimated by the United States Bureau of the Census.

TABLE II

NUMBER OF JEWS IN URBAN PLACES AND IN RURAL TERRITORY,
CLASSIFIED BY SIZE, 1937

	Total Population	Jews	P. C.
Urban Places:	37,456,122	4,096,220	10.94
100,000 or over.....	14,170,992	393,129	2.77
25,000 to 100,000.....	9,688,609	118,555	1.22
10,000 to 25,000.....	6,430,786	48,329	0.75
5,000 to 10,000.....	4,927,255	30,964	0.63
2,500 to 5,000.....			
Rural Incorporated Places.....	9,292,577	34,896	0.38
Rural Unincorporated Places.....	46,856,967	48,554	0.10

TABLE III

NUMBER OF PRINCIPAL JEWISH COMMUNITIES AND SUBORDINATE
JEWISH COMMUNITIES AND NUMBER OF JEWS, CLASSIFIED
BY SIZE OF THE JEWISH POPULATION, 1937

	Number	Distribution
Communities.....	10,546	—
Principal Communities.....	967	100.00
500,000 or over.....	1	0.10
500,000-100,000.....	3	0.31
100,000-50,000.....	7	0.72
50,000-20,000.....	13	1.35
20,000-8,000.....	35	3.62
8,000-2,000.....	76	7.86
2,000-500.....	200	20.68
500-100.....	374	38.68
Less than 100 Jews.....	258	26.68
Subordinate Communities.....	9,579	100.00
100 Jews or more.....	103	1.06
Less than 100 Jews.....	9,476	98.92
Jews.....	4,770,647	100.00
Principal Communities.....	4,641,184	97.29
Subordinate Communities.....	129,463	2.71

TABLE IV

NUMBER OF JEWS OF CITY OF NEW YORK AND PERMANENT CONGREGATIONS, BY BOROUGH, 1937

Borough	Total Population	Jews	Congregations	Per Cent of Jews	Distribution of Jews
City of New York. . .	7,454,995	2,035,000	1,330	27.84	100.00
Bronx.	1,394,711	592,185	216	43.57	29.10
Brooklyn.	2,698,285	974,765	567	36.64	47.90
Manhattan.	1,889,924	351,037	479	18.64	17.25
Queens.	1,297,634	107,855	61	8.72	5.30
Richmond.	174,441	9,158	7	5.39	0.45

TABLE V

NUMBER OF JEWS OF UNITED STATES, PRINCIPAL COMMUNITIES, AND CONGREGATIONS, 1850-1937

	Total Population	Jews	P. C.	Increase in ten years	Principal Communities	Congregations
1850	23,191,876	50,000	0.22	—	44	77
1877	43,661,968	250,000	0.52	—	174	277
1897	72,106,120	937,800	1.31	—	1336	1850
1907	88,787,058	1,776,885	2.00	89.47	426	1,769
1917	103,690,473	3,388,951	3.27	90.72	580	1,901
1927	118,140,645	4,228,029	3.58	24.76	871	3,118
1937	128,823,308	4,770,647	3.70	12.83	967	3,728

1 1900.

2 1848.

TABLE VI
CITIES HAVING 1,000 JEWS OR MORE, 1937

City	Total 1940	Jews 1937	City	Total 1940	Jews 1937
Akron, Ohio	244,791	8,400	Flint, Mich.	151,543	1,700
Albany, N. Y.	130,577	9,400	Fort Wayne, Ind.	118,410	1,960
Allentown, Pa.	96,904	3,000	Fort Worth, Tex.	177,662	2,200
Altoona, Pa.	80,214	1,800	Freeport, N. Y.	20,410	1,440
Asbury Park, N. J.	14,617	1,840	Galveston, Tex.	60,862	1,200
Atlanta, Ga.	302,288	12,000	Gary, Ind.	111,719	2,450
Atlantic City, N. J.	64,094	12,800	Gloversville, N. Y.	23,329	1,375
Baltimore, Md.	859,100	73,000	Grand Rapids, Mich.	164,292	1,720
Bangor, Me.	29,822	1,650	Great Neck, N. Y.	6,167	1,800
Bayonne, N. J.	79,198	12,900	Hammond, Ind.	70,184	1,930
Beaumont, Tex.	59,061	1,280	Harrisburg, Pa.	83,893	4,900
Belvedere Tnsp., Cal.	37,192	3,540	Hartford, Conn.	166,267	23,360
Bethlehem, Pa.	58,490	1,140	Haverhill, Mass.	46,752	4,100
Beverly, Mass. ¹	25,537	1,115	Hazleton, Pa.	38,009	1,700
Binghamton, N. Y.	78,309	2,900	Hempstead, N. Y. ⁴	20,856	1,185
Birmingham, Ala. ²	267,583	5,300	Hempstead Town, N. Y.	259,318	3,100
Bloomfield, N. J.	41,623	1,100	Highland Park, Mich.	50,810	1,900
Boston, Mass.	770,816	118,000	Hillside Township, N. J.	18,556	1,600
Braddock, Pa.	18,328	1,350	Hoboken, N. J.	50,115	2,450
Bridgeport, Conn.	147,121	13,765	Holyoke, Mass.	53,750	1,870
Brookton, Mass.	62,343	3,900	Houston, Tex. ⁵	384,514	13,500
Brookline Town, Mass.	49,786	7,750	Huntington Town, N. Y.	31,768	1,265
Buffalo, N. Y.	575,901	21,800	Indianapolis, Ind.	386,972	10,850
Burlington, Vt.	27,686	1,000	Irvington, N. J.	55,328	6,650
Cambridge, Mass.	110,879	4,580	Jacksonville, Fla.	173,065	4,820
Camden, N. J.	117,536	8,600	Jersey City, N. J.	301,173	21,600
Canton, Ohio	108,401	4,200	Johnstown, Pa.	66,668	1,300
Cedarhurst, N. Y.	5,463	1,350	Kansas City, Kan.	121,458	2,850
Charleston, S. C.	71,275	2,540	Kansas City, Mo.	399,178	25,250
Charleston, W. Va.	67,914	1,500	Kearny, N. J.	39,467	1,200
Chattanooga, Tenn.	128,163	3,800	Kingston, N. Y.	28,589	1,950
Chelsea, Mass.	41,259	21,260	Knoxville, Tenn.	111,580	1,700
Chester, Pa.	59,285	2,200	Lakewood Township, N. J.	8,502	1,300
Chicago, Ill.	3,396,808	363,000	Lancaster, Pa.	61,345	1,700
Cincinnati, Ohio	455,610	21,800	Lawrence, Mass.	84,323	4,125
Cleveland, Ohio	878,336	90,000	Lawrence, N. Y.	3,649	1,100
Cleveland Heights, Ohio	54,992	10,150	Lewiston, Me.	38,598	1,100
Columbus, Ohio	306,087	9,250	Lincoln, Neb.	81,984	1,200
Dallas, Tex.	294,734	10,400	Linden, N. J.	24,115	2,200
Dayton, Ohio	210,718	5,000	Little Rock, Ark.	88,039	2,500
Denver, Colo.	322,412	18,400	Long Beach, Cal. ⁶	164,271	2,570
Des Moines, Ia. ³	159,819	4,000	Long Beach, N. Y.	9,036	1,150
Detroit, Mich.	1,623,452	90,000	Long Branch, N. J.	17,408	2,000
Duluth, Minn.	101,065	3,700	Los Angeles, Cal. ⁷	1,504,277	82,000
East Orange, N. J.	68,945	2,120	Louisville, Ky.	319,077	13,800
Easton, Pa.	33,589	1,800	Lowell, Mass.	101,389	2,420
East St. Louis, Ill.	75,609	1,150	Lynbrook, N. Y.	14,557	2,180
Elizabeth, N. J.	109,912	11,700	Lynn, Mass.	98,123	9,800
Elmira, N. Y.	45,106	1,280	McKeesport, Pa.	55,355	6,850
El Paso, Tex.	96,810	2,250	Madison, Wis.	67,447	1,350
Erie, Pa.	116,955	1,900	Malden, Mass.	58,010	11,170
Evansville, Ind.	97,062	1,765	Manchester, N. H.	77,685	1,350
Everett, Mass.	46,784	1,920	Maywood, Ill.	26,648	1,040
Fall River, Mass.	115,428	5,900	Memphis, Tenn. ⁸	292,942	13,350
Fallsburgh Town, N. Y.	5,682	1,180	Meriden, Conn.	39,494	1,335

Local estimates made since 1937: ¹ 550 in 1942; ² 4,200 in 1941; ³ 3,400 in 1940; ⁴ 1,550 in 1942; ⁵ 10,000 in 1941; ⁶ 2,000 in 1940; ⁷ 125,000 in 1942; ⁸ 7,000 in 1940;

TABLE VI (Continued)

City	Total 1940	Jews 1937	City	Total 1940	Jews 1937
Miami, Fla.	172,172	7,500	St. Joseph, Mo.	75,711	3,200
Miami Beach, Fla.	28,012	1,200	St. Louis, Mo.	816,048	51,000
Milwaukee, Wis.	587,472	29,600	St. Paul, Minn.	287,736	14,000
Minneapolis, Minn.	492,370	20,700	Salem, Mass.	41,213	1,900
Mobile, Ala.	78,720	1,050	Salt Lake City, Utah	149,934	2,535
Montgomery, Ala.	78,084	2,400	San Antonio, Tex.	253,854	6,900
Monticello, N. Y.	3,737	1,350	San Diego, Cal.	203,341	3,000
Mount Vernon, N. Y.	67,362	9,300	San Francisco, Cal.	634,536	40,900
Nashville, Tenn. ⁹	167,402	4,200	Santa Monica, Cal.	53,500	1,335
New Bedford, Mass.	110,341	4,520	Savannah, Ga.	95,996	3,900
New Britain, Conn.	68,685	3,300	Schenectady, N. Y.	87,549	3,750
New Brunswick, N. J.	33,180	4,900	Seranton, Pa.	140,404	9,800
New Haven, Conn.	160,605	24,700	Seattle, Wash.	368,302	14,500
New London, Conn.	30,456	2,070	Sheboygan, Wis.	40,638	1,000
New Orleans, La.	494,537	8,700	Shreveport, La.	98,167	2,180
New Rochelle, N. Y.	58,408	6,400	Sioux City, Ia. ¹²	82,364	3,500
New York, N. Y.	7,454,995	2,035,000	Somerville, Mass.	102,177	2,200
Newark, N. J.	429,760	73,000	South Bend, Ind.	101,268	2,850
Newburgh, N. Y.	31,883	2,220	South Orange, N. J.	13,742	1,300
Newport News, Va.	37,067	1,950	Spokane, Wash.	122,001	1,208
Niagara Falls, N. Y.	78,029	1,200	Springfield, Ill.	75,503	1,120
Norfolk, Va.	144,332	8,500	Springfield, Mass.	149,554	12,270
North Bergen Township, N. J.	39,714	1,850	Spring Valley, N. Y.	4,308	1,330
Norwalk, Conn.	39,894	1,925	Stamford, Conn.	47,938	4,905
Norwich, Conn.	23,652	2,000	Steubenville, Ohio	37,651	1,000
Oakland, Cal.	302,163	7,415	Stockton, Cal.	54,714	1,235
Oklahoma City, Okla.	204,424	2,100	Syracuse, N. Y.	205,967	14,500
Omaha, Neb.	223,844	11,500	Tampa, Fla.	108,391	1,730
Orange, N. J.	35,717	1,200	Terre Haute, Ind.	62,693	1,100
Pasadena, Cal.	81,864	1,870	Toledo, Ohio	282,349	10,500
Passaic, N. J.	61,394	10,900	Trenton, N. J.	124,697	9,650
Paterson, N. J.	139,656	24,000	Troy, N. Y.	70,304	3,120
Pawtucket, R. I.	75,797	1,100	Tulsa, Okla.	142,157	2,850
Peabody, Mass.	21,711	1,250	Union, N. J.	56,173	4,800
Peoria, Ill.	105,087	1,570	Uniontown, Pa.	21,819	1,220
Perth Amboy, N. J. ¹⁰	41,242	4,860	University City, Mo.	33,023	2,800
Philadelphia, Pa.	1,931,334	293,000	Utica, N. Y.	100,518	3,650
Phoenix, Ariz.	65,414	1,000	Waco, Tex.	55,982	1,150
Pittsburgh, Pa.	671,659	52,000	Washington, D. C.	663,091	18,350
Pittsfield, Mass.	49,684	1,830	Waterbury, Conn.	99,314	5,800
Plainfield, N. J.	37,469	3,400	Waukegan, Ill.	34,241	1,100
Port Chester, N. Y.	23,073	2,200	West Hartford Town, Conn.	33,776	1,150
Portland, Me.	73,643	3,650	West New York, N. J.	39,439	2,670
Portland, Ore. ¹¹	305,394	10,700	West Palm Beach, Fla.		1,000
Portsmouth, Va.	50,745	1,875	Wheeling, W. Va.	61,099	1,150
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	40,478	2,250	White Plains, N. Y. ¹³	40,327	2,600
Providence, R. I.	253,604	23,800	Wichita, Kan.	114,966	1,315
Quincy, Mass.	75,810	1,870	Wilkes-Barre, Pa.	86,236	6,200
Reading, Pa.	110,568	3,000	Wilmington, Del.	112,504	6,200
Revere, Mass.	34,405	9,635	Winthrop, Mass.	16,768	2,600
Richmond, Va.	193,042	7,500	Woodbine, N. J.	2,111	1,600
Rochester, N. Y.	324,975	23,400	Woonsocket, R. I.	49,303	1,080
Rock Island, Ill.	42,775	1,900	Worcester, Mass.	193,694	13,350
Rockville Center, N. Y.	18,613	1,600	Yonkers, N. Y.	142,598	7,200
Sacramento, Cal.	105,958	1,225	Youngstown, Ohio	167,720	8,650

3,000 in 1940; ¹⁰ 4,000 in 1942; ¹¹ 7,000 in 1941; ¹² 2,700 in 1942; ¹³ 5,000 in 1942.

B. JEWISH POPULATION OF THE WORLD

The statistics of Jewish population of the various countries of the world given in the preceding volumes were compiled at a time when it was still possible to secure more or less reliable figures for most of the countries. The spread of Nazi-German domination and the interruption of communications resulting from the present war have made it impossible to secure information on the basis of which the figures given in previous years can be revised. For this reason the tables giving the Jewish population of Europe, Africa, Asia and Australia are omitted from this volume. The table giving the population figures of the Americas is also omitted pending a revision of the estimates of the Jewish population in Latin American countries. It is hoped that a revised table for the countries of the Western Hemisphere will be published in the succeeding volume. For the convenience, however, of those who wish to consult the *AMERICAN JEWISH YEAR BOOK* for census figures and estimates dating prior to 1939, two summary tables are published herewith, as usual, containing Jewish population statistics for the countries and important cities of the world.

In the two preceding volumes attempts were made, on the basis of the most reliable information then available, to analyze the changes in the distribution of the Jewish population of Europe resulting from Nazi persecution of Jews, Nazi territorial annexations and conquests and other territorial revisions. These articles, prepared by Mr. Moses Moskowitz, included events up to the Nazi invasion of the U. S. S. R. (See Vol. 42, pp. 593-600; Vol. 43, pp. 662-666).

Prior to these changes, the figures of Jewish population published in the preceding volumes show that the Jewish population of the world was approximately fifteen and three-quarter millions; of this total, about nine million were living in Europe, about six hundred thousand in Africa, eight hundred thousand in Asia, twenty-seven thousand in Australasia, and about five million two hundred and eighty thousand in America.

TABLE VII

A LIST OF COUNTRIES AND THEIR PRE-WAR JEWISH POPULATIONS

Name of Country	Number of Jews ¹	Name of Country	Number of Jews
Abyssinia	51,000	Japan	200
Aden and Perim	4,151	Kenya	305
Afghanistan	5,000	Latvia	93,479
Alaska	600	Libya	30,046
Albania	204	Lithuania	155,125
Algeria	110,127	Luxemburg	3,144
Arabia	25,000	Malta	35
Argentina	260,000	Mexico	20,000
Australia	23,553	Morocco (French)	161,312
Belgium	60,000	Morocco (Spanish)	12,918
Brazil	40,000	Netherlands	156,817
British Malaya	703	New Zealand	2,653
Bulgaria	48,398	Nicaragua	100
Canada	155,614	Norway	1,359
Chile	3,697	Palestine	424,373
China	19,850	Panama	850
Colombia	2,045	Panama Canal Zone	74
Congo (Belgian)	177	Paraguay	1,200
Costa Rica	500	Persia	40,000
Cuba	7,800	Peru	1,500
Curacao	566	Philippine Islands	500
Cyprus	75	Poland	3,113,900
Czechoslovakia	356,830	Porto Rico	150
Danzig	10,448	Portugal	1,200
Denmark	5,690	Portuguese East Africa	100
Dominican Republic	756	Rhodesia (Northern)	426
Egypt	72,550	Rhodesia (Southern)	2,021
Esthonia	4,302	Rumania	900,000
Finland	1,755	Salvador	120
France	240,000	S. W. Africa	200
Germany	240,000	Soviet Russia	3,020,141
Gibraltar	886	Spain	4,000
Great Britain and Northern Ireland	300,000	Surinam (Dutch Guiana)	799
Greece	72,791	Sweden	6,653
Guatemala	350	Switzerland	17,973
Guiana (British)	1,000	Syria and Lebanon	26,051
Haiti	150	Tanganyika	10
Hawaii	310	Tangier Zone	7,000
Honduras	25	Transjordan	200
Hong Kong	250	Tunisia	59,485
Hungary	444,567	Turkey	78,730
India	24,141	Union of South Africa	90,662
Indo-China (French)	1,000	United States ²	4,770,000
Iraq	90,970	Uruguay	12,000
Irish Free State	3,686	Venezuela	882
Italy	47,825	Virgin Islands	62
Jamaica	2,000	Yugoslavia	68,405

¹ See footnote 1 on p. 430.² Continental; not including Jews in Alaska and other possessions.

TABLE VIII

IMPORTANT CITIES AND THEIR PRE-WAR JEWISH POPULATION*

NOTE: Superior figures next to population figures indicate year of census or estimate; e. g., ²⁸ indicates 1935; ²⁶ indicates 1936; etc.

Name of City	General Population	Jewish Population ¹	Name of City	General Population	Jewish Population ¹
Adrianopol.....	36,000 ²⁶	5,697 ^{c27}	Haifa.....	104,800 ²⁹	58,000 ²⁹
Alexandria.....	682,101 ²⁷	27,200 ²⁸	Hamburg.....	1,682,220 ²⁹	16,885 ^{c28}
Algiers.....	252,321 ²⁸	23,550 ^{c31}	Harbin.....	330,436 ²⁸	8,000 ²⁸
Amsterdam.....	781,660 ²⁸	65,558 ²⁸	Hull.....	287,013 ²⁹	2,500 ²⁹
Antwerp.....	273,317 ²⁸	22,000 ²¹	Istanbul.....	741,148 ²⁸	47,173 ^{c28}
Bagdad ² (Iraq).....	499,410 ²⁸	42,799 ^{c32}	Jaffa.....	77,400 ²⁹	15,000 ²⁸
Basel.....	148,063 ³⁰	2,563 ^{c20}	Jassy.....	104,471 ²⁹	45,000 ²⁸
Belgrade (Yugoslavia)	266,849 ²¹	8,936 ^{c21}	Jerusalem.....	129,800 ²⁹	79,000 ²⁹
Berdichev (U.S.S.R.)	53,100 ²⁸	30,812 ^{c28}	Johannesburg.....	203,298 ²¹	25,826 ^{c28}
Berlin.....	4,332,242 ²⁹	95,000 ²⁹	Kharkov.....	833,432 ²⁹	81,139 ^{c28}
Bialystok.....	76,792	39,602	Kiev.....	846,293 ²⁹	140,256 ^{c28}
Birmingham.....	1,002,603 ²¹	6,000 ²⁹	Kishinev.....	112,500 ²⁹	80,000 ²⁸
Bombay.....	1,161,383 ²¹	8,620 ²⁹	Köln.....	756,605 ²⁸	14,816 ^{c28}
Bratislava.....	138,000 ⁴⁰	15,060 ⁴⁰	Kovno.....	152,365 ²⁹	25,044 ^{c28}
Breslau.....	625,198 ²⁸	20,202 ^{c28}	Leeds.....	458,320 ²⁹	25,000 ²⁹
Brussels ⁴	912,774 ²⁸	20,000 ²¹	Leipzig.....	701,606 ²⁹	11,564 ^{c28}
Bucharest.....	1,648,162 ²⁹	50,000 ²⁸	Leningrad.....	3,191,304 ²⁹	84,503 ^{c28}
Budapest.....	1,115,877 ²⁹	204,371 ^{c20}	Libau (Latvia).....	57,098 ²⁸	7,368 ^{c28}
Buenos Aires.....	2,317,755 ²⁸	120,000	Lisbon.....	594,390 ²⁰	1,150 ²²
Cairo.....	1,307,422 ²⁷	38,100 ²⁸	Liverpool.....	855,688 ²¹	7,000 ²⁹
Calcutta ⁴	1,485,582 ²¹	1,200 ²¹	Lodz.....	604,629 ²¹	191,720 ^{c21}
Cape Town.....	119,173 ²⁸	11,079 ²⁸	London ³	8,282,118 ²⁸	233,991 ²⁸
Cologne (see Köln)...			Lublin.....	112,285 ²¹	38,001 ^{c21}
Constantine (Algeria)	106,830 ²⁸	13,110 ^{c21}	Lwow.....	312,231 ²¹	75,316 ^{c21}
Copenhagen.....	843,168 ²⁸	5,640 ²⁸	Luxemburg.....	57,740 ²⁸	1,395 ²⁰
Cracow.....	219,286 ²¹	45,828 ^{c21}	Manchester.....	989,775	37,500
Czernowitz.....	109,698 ²⁹	43,555 ²⁸	Marseilles.....	914,232 ²⁶	2,000 ²¹
Damascus.....	193,912 ²⁸	10,000	Minsk.....	180,900 ²⁸	53,686 ^{c26}
Dublin.....	309,272 ²⁹	3,500 ²⁹	Montreal.....	818,577 ²¹	57,710 ^{c21}
Dvinsk.....	45,160 ²⁸	11,116 ^{c26}	Moscow.....	4,137,018 ²⁹	131,747 ^{c28}
Edinburgh.....	420,264 ²⁸	1,500 ²⁸	Newcastle.....	274,955 ²⁶	2,500 ²⁸
Florence.....	319,141 ²⁸	2,586 ²¹			
Frankfurt a. M.....	546,649 ²⁹	26,158 ^{c28}			
Geneva.....	124,121 ²⁰	2,224 ^{c20}			
Glasgow.....	1,088,417 ²¹	15,000 ²⁹			

*Not including cities of the United States, which are listed on p. 425.

TABLE VIII (Cont.)

Name of City	General Population	Jewish Population	Name of City	General Population	Jewish Population
Odessa	604,223 ²⁰	153,243c ²⁸	Tallinn (Esthonia) . . .	127,000 ²⁰	1,929c ²⁸
Oran (Algeria)	194,746 ²⁰	20,490c ³¹	Tel-Aviv	130,300 ²⁰	130,300 ²⁰
Oslo	253,124 ²⁰	749c ³⁰	Toronto	631,207 ²¹	45,205c ³¹
Panama City	74,409 ²⁰	471c ³⁰	Trieste	242,681 ²⁰	4,627 ²¹
Paris	2,829,746 ²⁰	175,000 ²¹	Tripoli (Libya)	108,240 ²⁸	15,590 ²¹
Prague	848,081 ²⁰	35,463c ³⁰	Tunis ⁴	219,578 ²⁰	27,345 ²⁰
Rabat (Morocco)	83,379 ²⁸	3,676c ²⁸	Turin (Italy)	623,454 ²⁰	3,758 ²¹
Riga	385,063 ²⁵	43,558c ²⁸	Vienna	1,918,462 ²⁰	178,034c ²⁴
Rome	1,148,948 ²⁴	11,280 ²¹	Warsaw	1,171,898 ²¹	333,354c ²¹
Salonica	236,524 ²⁸	55,250c ²⁸	Wellington (N. Z.) . . .	149,971 ²⁰	896c ²⁸
Sarajewo (Yugoslavia)	78,173 ²¹	9,320 ²⁰	Wilno	207,750 ²¹	54,596c ²¹
Shanghai ⁵	3,489,998 ²⁰	5,500 ²⁵	Winnipeg	218,785 ²¹	17,153c ²¹
Smyrna	170,546 ²⁸	16,215c ²⁷	Zagreb (Yugoslavia) . .	185,581 ²¹	9,500 ²¹
Sofia	287,976 ²⁴	25,863c ²⁴	Zurich	337,164 ²⁰	6,700 ²⁰
Stockholm	497,367 ²⁰	3,432c ³⁰			
Strasbourg	181,465 ²¹	7,000 ²¹			

¹ It should be borne in mind that the figures for the number of Jews arrived at on the basis of a religious or nationality census, are minima. This is partly due to the fact that there is sometimes a tendency on the part of census enumerators to minimize the number of persons of a minority religion or nationality, and partly because some Jews report their nationality as that of the majority population, or decline to answer the question as to religion or nationality. For example, in the 1921 census of Czechoslovakia as many as 724,507 persons refused to give their religious affiliation. The number of Jews for that country given in this article does not include the possible number of Jews among those that refused to give their religious affiliation.

² Figure for "Liwa," i. e., Administrative district.

³ Greater London, Administrative County has 184,063 Jews.

⁴ Including suburbs.

⁵ Exclusive of Europeans.

C. IMMIGRATION OF JEWS TO THE UNITED STATES

1. During the Year Ended June 30, 1941

Admissions and Departures.—During the year ended June 30, 1941, a total of 23,737 Jewish immigrants were admitted to the United States, 35.75 percent less than in the preceding year (36,945). During the same period, 186 Jews emigrated from the country. The net increase through immigration was thus 23,551.

Deportations and Debarments.—During the fiscal year, ended June 30, 1941, a total of 62 Jews previously admitted were deported, and 219 applying for admission were debarred. The former number represents 0.26% of the net increase of Jewish immigrants over emigrants, while the number of debarred constitutes 0.92% of those admitted. These percentages continue to be very low. With the exception of the preceding two years, when it was even slightly lower, the percentage of the deported is the lowest since 1923; and the percentage of the debarred is the lowest on record in any year. There was also a drop, compared with the preceding years, in the percentages of both debarment and deportation for the immigration as a whole, though the ratios are still higher than for the Jewish immigration. Thus, the percentage of all deportations to the total net increase for the year was 12.71% (14.11% for the preceding year), and the percentage of the total debarred was 5.66% of the total admitted (7.49% for the preceding year).

Countries of Origin.—Since 1931, there has been a decrease of Jewish immigration from a group of adjacent countries in Eastern Europe in which live almost half of the total number of Jews in the world.¹ For a number of years before 1931, these countries contributed close to two-thirds of the total Jewish immigration to the United States. In that year, the Jewish immigration from these countries dropped from 64.95% to 56.24% of the total Jewish immigration; the percentage remained approximately stationary in 1932 (57.31%), and in 1933 (57.29%). In the latter year, Jewish

¹ Poland, Lithuania, Latvia, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Rumania, Russia.

immigration from Germany, which had theretofore been negligible, began to become numerically significant, although only 3.04% for the year ending June 30, 1933. In the following year, however, the immigration from Germany was 43.20% of the total, whereas the immigration from the former major sources of Jewish immigration dropped to 27.94% of the total Jewish influx. In 1935, the number coming from Germany (34.80% of the total) almost equalled the number from the Eastern European countries. In 1936, the immigration from Germany rose to 52.53%, while the admissions from Eastern Europe fell to 21.32% of the total Jewish immigration; and the difference continued to be more and more pronounced, until 1940, when the percentages for Germany and for the Eastern European countries were 53.81% and 9.17% respectively. In 1941, however, only 15.98% of the total number of Jewish immigrants admitted came directly from Germany; and only 4.89% came from Eastern European countries. It is highly probable that the greater part of the immigration originating in other countries (79.13%) consisted of emigrants from Germany and German-occupied lands who had taken temporary refuge in the countries of their last residence. Of this larger group of immigrants, 18,784 in number, 4,691 came from Great Britain, 2,730 from France, 2,642 from the West Indies, 1,394 from Canada, 1,273 from Belgium, 828 from Switzerland, and the rest from other countries.

Sex.—Of the total number of Jewish immigrants admitted during the fiscal year, 50.24% were males and 49.76% were females; while for the immigration as a whole the percentage of males was lower than that of females (45.42% males and 54.58% females).

Age.—Compared with that of the total immigration, the age distribution of the Jewish immigrants shows a lower percentage of the group between 16 and 45 years of age, and a higher percentage of the older group; the percentage of children is the same for both. Thus, of the number of Jewish immigrants, 15.41% were children under 16 years of age, 51.86% were persons between 16 and 45, and 32.73% were 46 years or over; of the total immigration, the corresponding percentages were 15.42% for those under 16, 59.38% for 16–45 group, and 25.20% for the older group.

Conjugal Condition.—The largest proportion of immigrants arriving in the country was in the group of married persons—56.25% among the Jewish immigrants and 53.47% among the

total. The next largest group was that of single persons; 36.32% for the Jewish immigrants, and 39.92% for the total. Of the remaining immigrants, 5.77% were widowed and 1.66% were divorced, among the Jews; and 5.19% widowed and 1.42% divorced, among the total.

Family Character of Jewish Immigration.—The family character of the Jewish immigration approximates that of the general immigration. While the proportion of immigrants who came to join relatives and friends is higher in the Jewish group, the difference is only moderate (89.34% for the Jews and 84.73% for the total immigration). The remaining number of immigrants who had neither relatives nor friends amounted to 10.66% for the Jews and 15.27% for the immigrants as a whole.

2. During the Six Months, July—December 1941

For the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1942, complete official figures for only the first six months were available at the time this article was written.¹ These figures show that the number of Jews admitted during this period (7,091) was 40.81% of the total immigration and that Jewish immigrants exceeded Jewish emigrants by 7,028. Of the general immigration the excess of admissions over departures was 12,839. The proportion of Jews debarred during the six months was somewhat higher than for the preceding fiscal year (1.00% during the six months, and 0.92% during the preceding year); but the proportion of Jews deported was a little lower (0.17% during July—December, compared with 0.26% during the preceding fiscal year).

3. From 1881 to 1941

Of the earlier waves of Jewish immigration to the United States, which were made up chiefly of immigrants from Spain, Portugal, and Holland, and from Germany, no reliable statistics are available. Such statistics were recorded only beginning in 1881, but these are not complete for the entire period since then. For the seventeen years from 1881 to 1898, we have statistics only for the number of Jews admitted at the ports of New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore. For the next eight years (1899–1907) we have figures for the number of Jews admitted at all ports. It is only since 1908 that statistics of departures as well as of arrivals have been recorded.

Except figures for immigration by country of origin. See p. 437.

Notwithstanding these deficiencies and gaps, we are in a position to arrive at an approximate figure for the total Jewish immigration since 1881. From 1908, when the number of departures began to be recorded, up to 1914, after which the World War and restrictive legislation interrupted the free flow of immigration, the percentage of Jews departing to those admitted was 7.14%. We may assume that the same percentage held good during the period 1899-1907 for which we have complete figures for Jewish admissions. If this assumption is correct, the number of Jews admitted during those years totalled 829,244. For the period from 1881-1898 we have figures only for Jews admitted at the ports of New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore. We may perhaps assume that the number of departures during those years equalled the number of admissions at other ports; in other words, that the total number of Jews admitted at all ports equalled the number admitted at the three ports mentioned, namely, 533,478. Adding the net increases for these two periods, thus arrived at, to the net increase from 1908 to 1941, for which official statistics are available, we find that the total net increase of the Jewish population of the United States as a result of immigration was 2,484,046 for the sixty-one years from 1881 to 1941.

Table XIII, which is a summary of the immigration and emigration, to and from the United States, since 1881, shows the fluctuations in the annual averages of the number of Jews who arrived, caused in turn by the World War, the post-war condition of European Jews, the operation of the several quota restriction laws and the executive order of 1931 for the strict application of the "likely to become a public charge" provision of the immigration law, and the expulsive force of persecution in Germany.

TABLE IX

JEWISH IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, DEPARTED, DEBARRED, AND
DEPORTED, JULY 1, 1940—JUNE 30, 1941, AND
JULY—DECEMBER 1941

	July 1, 1940—June 30, 1941			July—December, 1941		
	Total	Jews	P. C.	Total	Jews	P. C.
Admission ¹	51,776	23,737	45.85	17,378	7,091	40.81
Departure ²	17,115	186 ^a	1.09	4,539	53	1.39
Increase.....	34,661	23,551	67.95	12,839	7,028	54.74
Debarred.....	2,929	219	7.48	1,150	71	6.17
Deported.....	4,407	62	1.41	2,027	12	0.59

¹ In addition, 100,008 non-immigrants, including 6,733 Jews, (6.73%) were admitted during the year ended June 30, 1941, and 47,287 non-immigrants, including 1,592 Jews, during July—December 1941.

² In addition, 71,368 non-emigrant aliens departed during the year ended June 30, 1941, including 2,211 Jews (3.10%); and 35,908, including 715 Jews, during July—December 1941.

³ 80 to Mexico, 31 to Canada, 22 to Central and South America, 19 to Asia, 8 to West Indies, 6 to Germany, 5 to Great Britain, 3 to Russia, and 12 to other countries.

TABLE X

JEWISH IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED BY SEX, AGE, CONJUGAL
CONDITION, ETC., YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1941

	Number		Distribution	
	Total	Jews	Total	Jews
Immigrants Admitted.....	51,776	23,737	100.00	100.00
SEX				
Males.....	23,519	11,925	45.42	50.24
Females.....	28,257	11,812	54.58	49.76
AGE				
Under 16.....	7,982	3,659	15.42	15.41
16-45.....	30,747	12,309	59.38	51.86
46 and over.....	13,047	7,769	25.20	32.73
MARITAL CONDITION				
Single.....	20,667	8,622	39.92	36.32
Married.....	27,686	13,351	53.47	56.25
Widowed.....	2,687	1,370	5.19	5.77
Divorced.....	736	394	1.42	1.66
PERSONS JOINED				
Relatives.....	36,246	18,183	70.01	76.60
Friends.....	7,621	3,025	14.72	12.74
None.....	7,909	2,529	15.27	10.66

TABLE XI

PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF LAST RESIDENCE OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS,
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1941

				Distribution	
	Total	Jews	P. C.	Total	Jews
ALL COUNTRIES.....	51,776	23,737	45.85	100.00	100.00
CENTRAL EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.....	1,597	1,160	72.64	3.08	4.89
Czechoslovakia.....	314	230	73.25	19.66	19.83
Hungary.....	330	237	71.82	20.67	20.43
Latvia.....	97	70	72.17	6.07	6.03
Lithuania.....	242	195	80.58	15.15	16.81
Poland.....	451	315	69.85	28.24	27.16
Rumania.....	122	89	72.95	7.64	7.67
Russia.....	41	24	58.54	2.57	2.07
GERMANY.....	4,028	3,793	94.17	7.78	15.98
OTHER COUNTRIES.....	46,151	18,784	40.70	89.14	79.13
Belgium.....	1,816	1,273	70.10	3.94	6.78
Bulgaria.....	135	116	85.93	0.29	0.62
France.....	4,801	2,730	56.86	10.40	14.53
Great Britain.....	7,714	4,691	60.81	16.71	24.97
Italy.....	450	224	49.78	0.98	1.19
Luxemburg.....	194	171	88.14	0.42	0.91
Netherlands.....	823	444	53.95	1.78	2.36
Portugal.....	1,101	599	54.41	2.39	3.19
Sweden.....	518	287	55.41	1.12	1.53
Switzerland.....	1,375	828	60.22	2.98	4.41
China.....	1,003	334	33.30	2.17	1.78
Palestine.....	268	255	95.15	0.58	1.36
Canada.....	11,280	1,394	12.36	24.44	7.42
Mexico.....	2,824	363	12.85	6.12	1.93
West Indies.....	4,687	2,642	56.37	10.16	14.07
Central America.....	1,239	489	39.47	2.69	2.60
South America.....	2,216	987	44.54	4.80	5.25
Other Countries.....	3,707 ¹	957 ²	25.82	8.03	5.10

¹ Including 244 from Denmark, 41 from Esthonia, 244 from Finland, 268 from Greece, 211 from Ireland, 369 from Norway, 61 from Northern Ireland, 300 from Spain, 142 from Yugoslavia; 289 from Japan, 14 from Syria, 227 from other Asia; 193 from Newfoundland; 564 from Africa; 137 from Australia, 57 from New Zealand, 170 from Philippine Islands, and 176 from other countries.

² Including 10 from Danzig, 52 from Denmark, 3 from Esthonia, 65 from Finland, 16 from Greece, 17 from Ireland, 25 from Norway, 8 from Northern Ireland, 56 from Spain, 72 from Yugoslavia, 39 from other Europe; 55 from Japan, 2 from Syria, 116 from other Asia; 11 from Newfoundland; 335 from Africa; 41 from Australia and New Zealand, 26 from Philippine Islands, and 8 from other countries.

TABLE XII
 PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF LAST RESIDENCE OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1942

	Total	Jews
ALL COUNTRIES	28,781	10,608
CENTRAL EUROPEAN COUNTRIES	872	640
Czechoslovakia	137	93
Hungary	186	148
Latvia	27	17
Lithuania	52	38
Poland	343	256
Rumania	67	46
Russia	60	42
GERMANY	2,150	2,067
OTHER COUNTRIES	25,759	7,901
Belgium	346	256
France	4,430	3,597
Great Britain	907	424
Portugal	437	234
Spain	234	90
Switzerland	585	393
Palestine	150	137
Canada	10,450	977
West Indies	1,599	478
South America	989	301
Africa	473	346
Other Countries	5,159	668

TABLE XIII
SUMMARY OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES, 1881-1941

Period	Admissions				Departures			Net Increase			
	Total	Jews	Average No. of Jews per Year	P. C. Jews to Total	Total	Jews	P. C. to Admissions		Total	Jews	P. C. Jews to Total
							Total	Jews			
1881-1898	8,173,890										
1899-1907	6,974,447	829,244	92.138	11.89	59,208*	59,208*	33.55	7.14	533,478 ¹	770,036 ²	13.12
1908-1914	6,709,357	656,397	93.771	9.78	46,838	46,838	30.76	7.14	609,559	76,451	10.98
1915-1920	1,602,680	79,921	13.320	4.99	3,470	3,470	56.56	4.34	4,645,590	696,142	18.53
1921	805,228	119,036	119.036	14.78	483	483	30.76	0.41	557,510	118,553	21.26
1922-1924	1,539,371	153,232	51.077	9.95	1,503	1,503	23.19	0.98	1,182,420	151,729	12.83
1925-1930	1,762,610	67,686	11.281	3.84	440,407	1,597	24.99	2.36	1,322,203	66,089	5.00
1931-1936	256,538	26,027	4.338	10.14	359,680	2,112	140.20	8.11	103,142	23,915	9.39
1937-1941	323,669	135,235	27.047	41.78	117,173	999	36.20	0.74	206,496	134,236	65.01
1908-1941	12,999,453	1,237,534	—	9.52	4,492,234	57,002	34.56	4.61	8,507,219	1,180,532	13.88
1881-1941	28,147,790									2,484,046	

¹ Admission at the ports of New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore.

* Estimated. See p. 433.

TABLE XIV
SUMMARY OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES, 1908-1941

Year	Admissions			Departures			Net Increase		
	Total	Jews	P. C. Jews to Total	Total	Jews	P. C. to Admissions	Total	Jews	P. C. Jews to Total
1908-1914..	6,709,357	656,397	9.78	2,063,767	46,838	30.76	4,645,590	609,559	13.12
1915-1920..	1,602,680	79,921	4.99	906,538	3,470	56.56	696,142	76,451	10.98
1921.....	805,228	119,036	14.7	247,718	483	30.76	557,510	118,553	21.2
1922.....	309,556	53,524	17.3	198,712	830	64.2	110,844	52,694	47.5
1923.....	522,919	49,719	9.5	81,450	413	15.57	441,469	49,306	11.16
1924.....	706,896	49,989	7.07	76,789	260	10.8	630,107	49,729	7.89
1925.....	294,314	10,292	3.5	92,728	291	31.51	201,586	10,001	4.96
1926.....	304,488	10,267	3.3	76,992	341	25.2	227,496	9,926	4.3
1927.....	335,175	11,483	3.4	73,366	224	21.8	261,809	11,259	4.3
1928.....	307,255	11,639	3.8	77,457	253	25.21	229,798	11,386	4.95
1929.....	279,678	12,479	4.46	69,203	189	24.74	210,475	12,290	5.84
1930.....	241,700	11,526	4.77	50,661	299	20.96	191,039	11,227	5.88
1931.....	97,139	5,692	5.86	61,882	319	63.70	35,257	5,373	15.24
1932.....	35,576	2,755	7.74	103,295	452	290.35	-67,719	2,303	—
1933.....	23,068	2,372	10.28	80,081	384	347.15	-57,013	1,988	—
1934.....	29,470	4,134	14.03	39,771	319	134.96	-10,301	3,815	—
1935.....	34,956	4,837	13.84	38,834	330	111.09	-3,878	4,507	—
1936.....	36,329	6,252	17.21	35,817	308	98.59	512	5,944	—
1937.....	50,244	11,352	22.59	26,736	232	53.21	23,508	11,120	47.30
1938.....	67,895	19,736	29.07	25,210	255	37.13	42,685	19,481	45.64
1939.....	82,998	43,450	52.35	26,651	176	32.11	56,347	43,274	76.80
1940.....	70,756	36,945	52.21	21,461	150	30.33	49,295	36,795	74.64
1941.....	51,776	23,737	45.85	17,115	186	33.06	34,661	23,551	67.95
Total.....	12,999,453	1,237,534	9.52	4,492,234	57,002	34.56	8,507,219	1,180,532	13.88

D. JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO OTHER AMERICAN COUNTRIES AND AFRICA

Canada. During the year ended March 31, 1941, a total of 626 Jews entered Canada (342 from the United States), 5.45% of the total. There was a slightly higher percentage of females than of males among the immigrants arriving, the difference being negligible among the Jews, but somewhat greater in the total immigration (49.04% males and 50.96% females among the Jews, and 48.76% males and 51.24% females among the total immigration). The immigrants of 18 years or over constituted 78.12% of the total number of Jewish immigrants, while for the total number of immigrants, the corresponding percentage was 75.47%.

In the occupational distribution, there is shown a considerable increase in the proportion of Jews engaged in farming. While up to 1938 the percentage of Jews in that class was very low (2.40% in 1938), it increased to 11.01% in 1939; and, in 1940, as many as 33.40% of the total number of Jews arriving during the year were farmers. The farming class among the total immigration remained about the same (29.66%), with the consequence that, in 1940, the percentage of those engaged in farming was higher for the Jews than even for the total immigration. The tendency in this direction continued. In 1941, although only 11.50% of Jewish immigrants were engaged in farming, it was very high when compared with the proportion of the total immigrants in the same occupation, which was 6.12%. There was also a larger proportion of mechanics among Jewish immigrants than in preceding years: 10.06% (5.42% in 1940). As for the other groups, the trading and clerical classes continued to be high (25.24%); 2.56% were laborers; 0.96%, female domestic servants; and 49.68%, other classes, unspecified.

Of the 626 Jews who entered the country (284 via ocean ports and 342 from the United States), 196 were born in the United States, 10 in Canada, 6 in other American countries, 9 in Asia, 3 in Africa; the remainder (402) came from European countries. Of this number, nearly one-fourth (98) came from Germany (15.66% of the total number of Jews admitted to Canada), and over one-eighth, 53 (8.47% of the total admitted to Canada), from Russia. Of the total number of immigrants (11,496) that entered Canada, 5,319, almost half, were born in the United States, and 520 were born in Canada.

Cuba. The last year for which we have a definite figure for Jewish immigration into Cuba is 1936, when 338 Jews entered the country, 8.6% of the total number of immigrants (3,932). No figures have been available for Jewish immigration since that year. The estimates are: about 200 for 1937 and about 800 for 1941; the number of Jewish immigrants during the intervening years 1938 and 1939 was negligible. There has been a decided drop in the total immigration as well, though not to the same extent. From 1929 to 1937, a total of 3,973 Jews entered the country. The number of Jewish immigrants that entered Cuba during 1929-1937 constituted 7.94% of the total.

Brazil. During 1939, 4,600 Jewish immigrants were admitted to Brazil, and during 1940, 2,416. From 1925 to 1940, a total of 50,995 Jews entered the country. The number of Jewish immigrants admitted during 1925-1939 constituted 5.62% of the total number of persons admitted during these years.

Uruguay. During 1939, 2,200 Jews entered Uruguay, and during 1940, 373. From 1927 to 1940, a total of 18,201 Jews entered the country. The number of Jewish immigrants admitted during 1927-1938 constituted 0.74% of the total number of persons admitted.

Argentina. During 1939, 4,300 Jews entered Argentina, constituting 73.62% of the total number of immigrants admitted to the country during that year. In 1940, the Jewish immigration was 1,850, 29.81% of the total, and in 1941, 1,464, 31.32% of the total. During the period of 29 years of 1913-1941, a total of 122,293 Jews entered the country, 5.24% of the total number of persons admitted during these years.

Union of South Africa. We have data on Jewish immigration to the Union of South Africa from 1930 to 1938. This is for European immigration only. According to this information, Jewish immigrants constituted 24.06% of the total number of immigrants during the nine years (11,238 Jews out of a total of 46,708). The percentage of Jewish immigration varies from 31.86% in 1930 to 7.61% in 1938. The year 1934 showed a rise in immigration to that country, both Jewish and total (1,123 Jews in 1934, compared with 745 in the preceding year), but the ratio of Jewish immigration to the total was about the same; 1935 showed practically no change. But, in 1936, the immigration of Jews increased three times. This increase was caused entirely by the rise in the immigration from Germany, from which there arrived as many as 2,577 during the

year (77.06% of the total Jewish immigration to the country). In 1937, however, Jewish immigration dropped again to 954, and in 1938, to 566, the lowest number since 1930, while the total remained about the same as in the preceding year. The number of Jewish immigrants admitted during 1930-1938 constituted 24.06% of the total.

TABLE XV

JEWISH IMMIGRANTS TO CANADA, BY SEX, AGE,
OCCUPATION AND DESTINATION, 1941

	Number		Distribution	
	Total	Jews	Total	Jews
Total	11,496	626	100.00	100.00
Via Ocean Ports.....	4,053	284	35.26	45.37
From United States.....	7,443	342	64.74	54.63
SEX				
Males.....	5,606	307	48.76	49.04
Females.....	5,890	319	51.24	50.96
AGE				
Under 18 years.....	2,820	137	24.53	21.88
18 years and over.....	8,676	489	75.47	78.12
OCCUPATION				
Farmers.....	704	72	6.12	11.50
Laborers.....	696	16	6.05	2.56
Mechanics.....	1,130	63	9.83	10.06
Trading and Clerical Classes....	1,137	158	9.89	25.24
Female Domestic Servants.....	602	6	5.24	0.96
Other Classes.....	7,227	311	62.87	49.68
COUNTRY OF BIRTH				
Czechoslovakia.....	100	46	0.87	7.35
England.....	1,879	49	16.34	7.83
Germany (including Austria)....	168	98	1.46	15.66
Hungary.....	57	20	0.50	3.19
Lithuania.....	19	15	0.16	2.40
Poland.....	102	65	0.89	10.38
Rumania.....	26	20	0.23	3.19
Russia.....	82	53	0.71	8.47
United States.....	5,319	196	46.27	31.31
Other Countries.....	3,744	64	32.57	10.22
DESTINATION				
Quebec.....	2,590	293	22.53	46.80
Ontario.....	4,458	241	38.78	38.50
Manitoba.....	287	38	2.50	6.07
British Columbia.....	1,742	25	15.15	3.99
Nova Scotia.....	1,232	17	10.72	2.72
Alberta.....	421	6	3.66	0.96
Saskatchewan.....	241	5	2.10	0.80
New Brunswick.....	470	1	4.09	0.16
Prince Edward Island.....	43	—	0.37	—
Yukon Territory.....	8	—	0.07	—
Northwest Territories.....	4	—	0.03	—

TABLE XVI

SUMMARY OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO CANADA, 1901-1941

Year	Total	Jews ¹	Per Cent Jews to Total	Year	Total	Jews ¹	Per Cent Jews to Total
1901	49,149	2,765	5.6	1922	89,999	8,404	9.3
1902	67,379	1,015	1.5	1923	72,887	2,793	3.8
1903	128,364	2,066	1.6	1924	148,560	4,255	2.8
1904	130,331	3,727	2.8	1925	111,362	4,459	4.
1905	146,266	7,715	5.2	1926	96,064	4,014	4.18
1906	189,064	7,127	3.8	1927	143,991	4,863	3.38
1907	124,667	6,584	5.2	1928	151,597	4,766	3.14
1908	262,469	7,712	2.9	1929	167,722	3,848	2.29
1909	146,908	1,636	1.1	1930	163,288	4,164	2.55
1910	208,794	3,182	1.5	1931	88,223	3,421	3.88
1911	311,084	5,146	1.6	1932	25,752	649	2.52
1912	354,237	5,322	1.5	1933	19,782	772	3.90
1913	402,432	7,387	1.8	1934	13,903	943	6.06
1914	384,878	11,252	2.9	1935	12,136	624	5.14
1915	144,789	3,107	2.1	1936	11,103	880	7.93
1916	48,537	65	.1	1937	12,023	619	5.15
1917	75,374	136	.1	1938	15,645	584	3.73
1918	79,074	32	0.4	1939	17,128	890	5.20
1919	57,702	22	0.04	1940	16,205	1,623	10.02
1920	117,336	116	.09	1941	11,496	626	5.45
1921	148,477	2,763	1.9				
				Total	5,966,177	132,074	2.21

¹ The figures for the Jews entering Canada during 1901-1925 are exclusive of those who entered from the United States.

TABLE XVII

SUMMARY OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO CUBA, 1929-1937

Year	Total	Jews	P. C.
1929.....	17,179	476	2.77
1930.....	12,219	1,374	11.25
1931.....	2,796	208	7.44
1932.....	1,892	165	8.72
1933.....	2,837	197	6.94
1934.....	3,317	612	18.45
1935.....	3,765	403	10.70
1936.....	3,932	338	8.60
1937.....	2,072	200 ¹	9.65
1938.....	1,151		
1939.....	777		
1940.....	244		
1941.....	1,000 ¹	800 ¹	
Total 1929-1937.....	50,009	3,973	7.94

¹ Estimate.

TABLE XVIII

SUMMARY OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO BRAZIL, 1925-1939

Year	Total ¹	Jews	P. C.
1925.....	84,883	2,624 ²	3.09
1926.....	121,569	3,906 ²	3.21
1927.....	101,568	5,167 ²	5.09
1928.....	82,061	4,055 ²	4.94
1929.....	100,424	5,610 ²	5.59
1930.....	67,066	3,558	5.31
1931.....	31,410	1,940 ⁴	6.18
1932.....	34,683	2,049 ⁴	5.91
1933.....	48,812	3,317 ⁴	6.80
1934.....	50,371	4,010 ⁴	7.96
1935.....	35,913	1,759 ⁴	4.90
1936.....	12,773	3,450 ⁴	27.01
1937.....	34,677	2,004 ⁴	5.78
1938.....	19,388	530 ⁴	2.73
1939.....	38,339 ⁵	4,600	12.00
1940.....		2,416	
Total 1925-1939.....	863,937	48,579	5.62

¹ Communicated by the Consul General of Brazil in New York City.

² Communicated by Hicem.

³ Communicated by Ica.

⁴ Communicated by Hias.

⁵ Including 15,780 temporary immigrants.

TABLE XIX

SUMMARY OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO URUGUAY, 1927-1938

Year	Total	Jews ¹	P. C.
1927.....	183,386	771 ²	0.42
1928.....	180,654	1,500 ³	0.83
1929.....	184,514	2,000 ³	1.08
1930.....	230,464 ⁴	1,600 ³	0.69
1931.....	160,000 ⁵	1,250 ⁶	0.78
1932.....	120,670 ⁵	765 ⁶	0.63
1933.....	105,985 ⁵	500 ⁷	0.47
1934.....	158,954 ⁵	1,205 ⁶	0.76
1935.....	176,264	560 ⁶	0.32
1936.....	196,205	1,262 ⁶	0.64
1937.....	203,542	1,100 ⁶	0.54
1938.....	221,969	3,115 ⁶	1.40
1939.....		2,200 ⁶	
1940.....		373	
Total 1927-1938.....	2,122,607	15,628	0.74

¹ Ica.

² Number assisted by local Jewish Committee.

³ Number assisted in 1928, 1,270; in 1929, 1,449.

⁴ Anuario Estadístico.

⁵ Estimate of Consul General.

⁶ Hias.

⁷ Estimate as given by Hias.

TABLE XX
SUMMARY OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO ARGENTINA, 1913-1941

Year	Total ¹	Jews	P. C.
1913.....	285,215	10,860	3.81
1914-1918.....	225,365	4,845 ²	2.15
1919.....	41,299	280	0.68
1920.....	87,032	2,071	2.38
1921.....	98,086	4,095 ²	4.18
1922.....	129,263	7,198 ²	5.57
1923.....	195,063	13,701 ²	7.02
1924.....	159,939	7,799 ²	4.88
1925.....	125,366	6,920 ²	5.52
1926.....	135,011	7,534 ²	5.58
1927.....	161,548	5,584 ²	3.46
1928.....	129,047	6,812 ²	5.28
1929.....	100,424 ⁴	5,986 ²	5.96
1930.....	133,183 ⁴	7,805 ²	5.86
1931.....	56,333	3,553 ²	6.31
1932.....	31,267 ⁴	1,801 ⁵	5.76
1933 ²	24,345	1,962	8.06
1934 ²	27,554	2,215	8.04
1935.....	44,859 ⁵	3,169 ⁵	7.06
1936.....	47,633 ⁶	4,261 ⁷	8.95
1937.....	41,469	5,178 ⁸	12.49
1938.....	37,762	1,050 ⁵	2.78
1939.....	5,841 ⁷	4,300 ⁶	73.62
1940.....	6,206	1,850	29.81
1941.....	4,675	1,464	31.32
Total 1913-1941.....	2,333,785	122,293	5.24

¹ *Revista Economía Argentina*, Buenos Aires.

² Communicated by Ica.

³ The figure includes 3,693 admitted during 1914; 606, during 1915; 324, during 1916; 90, during 1917 (slightly incomplete); and 132 during 1918 (slightly incomplete)—communicated by Ica.

⁴ Communicated by Consul General of Brazil, New York City.

⁵ Communicated by Hias.

⁶ Communicated by Argentine Information Bureau.

⁷ Communicated by Consul General of Argentine.

TABLE XXI
JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA, 1930-1938²

Year	Total	Jews	P. C.
1930 ¹	5,904	1,881	31.86
1931 ¹	4,140	885	21.38
1932 ¹	3,098	676	21.82
1933 ¹	3,031	745	24.58
1934 ¹	4,702	1,123	23.88
1935 ¹	6,500	1,078	16.29
1936 ¹	10,840	3,330	30.72
1937 ¹	7,927	954	12.04
1938.....	7,435	566	7.61
Total 1930-1938.....	46,708	11,238	24.06

¹ European immigration.

² Data obtained from the Department of Census and Statistics of the Union of So. Africa, through the courtesy of Percy Cowen, Esq.

E. JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO PALESTINE

1. During 1941

Admissions.— At the time this volume is going to press, statistics of immigration to Palestine are available for only January–October of 1941. During these ten months, a total of 3,448 Jewish immigrants were admitted to the country, 87.36% of the total admitted, 3,947. In addition, 8 Jews who had entered the country as travelers or without permission and who had permanently settled there, were registered as immigrants, 14.04% of the total so registered, 57. Thus, a total of 3,456 Jews were registered as immigrants during the year, 86.31% of the total number of immigrants, 4,004.

During the first ten months of 1941, over one-fifth (22.57%) of the Jews who entered the country came from Rumania, and nearly as many (20.43%) from Lithuania; the next highest (10.16%) was from Poland. The rest came from Turkey, Germany, Czechoslovakia, and a few other countries. The percentage coming from Germany, which was 57.85% in 1939 and 17.40% in 1940, dropped to 2.37% in 1941.

Departures.— The number of emigrants for the first ten months of 1941 was 1,079, of whom 399 were Jews (36.98% of the total). The percentage of departures to admissions was 11.56% for Jews, while of the non-Jewish group, the departures exceeded the admissions by 132. We also have data for emigration by months. July was the month with the highest number of persons departed from Palestine (196 Jews and 90 non-Jews), while in April there was only 1 Jewish emigrant.

Categories of Immigrants.— The official publications do not give data according to all the various categories into which the immigrants to Palestine were divided in preceding years. Of the categories enumerated, 21.12% of the Jewish immigrants were persons with capital and their dependents; 24.94% were persons coming to employment, or employed, and their dependents; 8.36% were dependents of residents in Palestine; and the rest of the immigrants, 45.58%, belonged to other categories.

The distribution of the non-Jewish immigrants was notably different from that of the Jewish newcomers. Only 42.34% of the total admitted were listed according to the categories mentioned.

Of these, 35.22% were dependents of Palestine residents; 5.66% were persons coming to employment; and only 1.46% persons of means. Over half of the non-Jewish immigrants (57.66%) were listed as belonging to other categories.

The monthly immigration of Jews, during 1941, as distinguished from registration, averaged 345. The largest number (1,116) was admitted in April, and the smallest number (48) in July. The monthly average for non-Jews was 50, the largest number (122) being admitted in September, and the smallest number (19) in July.

2. From 1917 to 1940

From the date of the British occupation of Palestine, December 9, 1917, to the end of 1940, a total of 331,223 Jews entered the country, the yearly number varying between 61,854 in 1935 and 2,178 in 1928. The number of Jews that departed between December 9, 1917 and the end of 1921, was small. But, during the decade from 1922 to 1931, a total of 27,809 Jews emigrated, or 29.53% of the number admitted. Figures for emigration during the second half of 1932 and the years 1933-1935 are not available. During the ten years 1922-1931, the yearly emigration of Jews varied between 666 in 1931 and 7,365 in 1926; and the percentage of Jewish emigration to Jewish immigration varied between 6.36% in 1925 and 99.54% in 1928, (in 1936 it was 2.60%) while in 1927, Jewish emigration exceeded Jewish immigration by 86.92%. The net immigration of Jews during 1922-1931 was 66,353. One year, 1927, shows a decrease of 2,358 Jews, but all other years witnessed an increase of Jewish immigration over emigration, varying between 10 in 1928 and 31,650 in 1925.

A total of 26,106 non-Jews were admitted to the country during 1922-1940; and an additional small number between December 9, 1917 and May 31, 1921, for which period no statistics of non-Jews were kept; and during 1922-1931, a total of 13,309 departed, being 4,035 in excess of the number admitted. During 1922-1940, an average of 7.71% of the yearly immigration was non-Jewish, the yearly percentage varying between 2.42% in 1925, and 29.42% in 1928. The yearly immigration of non-Jews varied between 284 in 1922 and 2,395 in 1938, and the yearly emigration for 1922-1931, between 474 in 1924 and 2,064 in 1926.

TABLE XXII
 JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO PALESTINE, AND JEWISH EMIGRATION, BY MONTHS,
 FOR JANUARY-OCTOBER, 1941

	Immigration						Emigration					
	Total		Jews		Non-Jews		Total	Jews	Non-Jews			
	Immigrants arriving	Visitors later registered as immigrants	Total	Immigrants arriving	Visitors later registered as immigrants	Immigrants arriving				Visitors later registered as immigrants		
Total.....	4,004	3,947	57	3,456	3,448	8	548	499	49	1,079	399	680
January.....	414	408	6	375	375	—	39	33	6	25	11	14
February.....	348	335	13	297	294	3	51	41	10	22	8	14
March.....	890	879	11	838	836	2	52	43	9	139	8	131
April.....	1,168	1,166	2	1,116	1,116	—	52	50	2	22	1	21
May.....	531	529	2	507	507	—	24	22	2	202	30	172
June.....	95	92	3	72	71	1	23	21	2	138	52	86
July.....	72	67	5	48	48	—	24	19	5	286	196	90
August.....	193	191	2	78	78	—	115	113	2	85	28	57
September.....	193	183	10	63	61	2	130	122	8	114	53	61
October.....	100	97	3	62	62	—	38	35	3	46	12	34
Average per mo.	400	395	6	346	345	1	55	50	5	108	40	68

TABLE XXIII

JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO PALESTINE BY CATEGORIES
JANUARY-OCTOBER, 1941

	Number			Distribution	
	Total	Jews	Non-Jews	Jews	Non-Jews
Total.....	4,004	3,456	548	100.00	100.00
CATEGORY A					
i. Persons with L. P. 1000 and upward.....	738	730	8	21.12	1.46
iii. Skilled artisans with not less than L. P. 250.....	312	305	7	41.78	87.50
2. Dependents of persons in Category A.....	—	—	—	—	—
	426	425	1	58.22	12.50
CATEGORY C					
Persons coming to employment	893	862	31	24.94	5.66
2. Dependents of persons in Category C.....	491	477	14	55.34	45.16
	402	385	17	44.66	54.84
CATEGORY D					
Dependents of residents of Palestine.....	482	289	193	8.36	35.22
OTHER CATEGORIES					
	1,891	1,575	316	45.58	57.66

TABLE XXIV

PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES OF ORIGIN OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS
INTO PALESTINE, JANUARY-OCTOBER, 1941

	Number		Distribution	
	1941	1940	1941	1940
Total.....	3,456	3,811	100.00	100.00
Rumania.....	780	443	22.57	11.62
Lithuania.....	706	191	20.43	5.01
Poland.....	351	785	10.16	20.60
Turkey.....	92	29	2.66	0.76
Germany (including Austria).....	82	737	2.37	19.34
Czechoslovakia.....	12	490	0.35	12.86
Syria and Lebanon.....	12	15	0.35	0.39
France.....	5	44	0.14	1.16
Latvia.....	4	65	0.11	1.71
Great Britain.....	1	175	0.03	4.59
Yemen and Aden.....	1	15	0.03	0.39
United States.....	—	8	—	0.21
Other Countries.....	1,410	814	40.80	21.36

TABLE XXV
SUMMARY OF JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO PALESTINE, 1917-1940

YEAR	Immigration			Emigration			Net Increase or Decrease			P. C. Jewish Immigrants to Total	Jewish Emigrants Per 1000 Immigrants
	Total	Jews	Non-Jews	Total	Jews	Non-Jews	Total	Jews	Non-Jews		
Dec. 9, 1917, to May 1921	14,101	14,101	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
June to Dec. 1921	4,861	4,784	77	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
1922	8,128	7,844	284	2,939	1,503	1,436	5,189	6,341	-1,152 ¹	96.51	192
1923	7,991	7,421	570	4,947	3,466	1,481	3,044	3,955	-911 ¹	92.87	467
1924	13,553	12,856	697	2,511	2,037	474	11,042	10,819	223	94.86	158
1925	34,641	33,801	840	4,100	2,151	1,949	30,541	31,650	-1,109 ¹	97.58	64
1926	13,910	13,081	829	9,429	7,365	2,064	4,481	5,716	-1,235 ¹	94.04	563
1927	3,595	2,713	882	6,978	5,071	1,907	-3,383 ¹	-2,358 ¹	-1,025 ¹	75.47	1,869
1928	3,086	2,178	908	3,122	2,168	954	-361	-361	-461	70.58	995
1929	6,566	5,249	1,317	2,835	1,746	1,089	3,731	3,503	228	79.94	333
1930	6,433	4,944	1,489	2,911	1,636	1,275	3,522	3,308	214	76.85	331
1931	5,533	4,075	1,458	1,346	666	680	4,187	3,409	778	73.65	163
1922-1931	103,436	94,162	9,274	41,118	27,809	13,309	62,318	66,353	-4,035 ¹	91.03	295
1932	11,289	9,553	1,736	*	*	*	*	*	*	84.62	—
1933	31,977	30,327	1,650	*	*	*	*	*	*	94.84	—
1934	44,143	42,359	1,784	*	*	*	*	*	*	95.96	—
1935	64,146	61,854	2,292	*	*	*	*	*	*	96.43	—
1936	31,671	29,727	1,944	1,178	773	405	30,493	28,954	1,541	93.86	26
1937	12,475	10,536	1,939	1,528	889	639	10,947	9,647	1,300	84.46	84
1938	15,263	12,868	2,395	1,811	1,095	716	13,452	11,773	1,679	84.31	85
1939	18,433	16,405	2,028	1,996	1,019	977	16,437	15,386	1,051	89.00	62
1940	5,611	4,547	1,064	1,185	693	492	4,426	3,854	572	81.04	152
1917-1940	357,406	331,223	26,183							92.67	

¹ Decrease.

* Figures for six months only (January-June) are available. These are: total 581, Jews 215, non-Jews 366.

* Figures not available.