

STATISTICS OF JEWS

A. JEWISH POPULATION OF THE WORLD

The table of last year with regard to the general statistics of Jews of the world is repeated, with some modifications.

The figures for the United States are those for the census year 1917, as determined by the census made by the Bureau of Jewish Statistics and Research of the American Jewish Committee for the Census Bureau of the United States Department of Commerce.

According to the revised figures, the total number of Jews of the world is, divided among continents, as follows:

Europe	9,986,447
America	3,094,309
Asia	499,679
Africa	380,865
Australia	19,415
	13,980,715

NUMBER OF JEWS AND PER CENT OF TOTAL POPULATION BY COUNTRIES

Countries	Year	Total Population	Jewish Population	Per ct. of total
EUROPE				
Austria-Hungary	1910	51,109,471	2,258,262	4.42
Austria	1910	28,324,940	1,313,687	4.64
Hungary	1910	20,886,487	932,406	4.46
Bosnia-Herzegovina	1910	1,898,044	12,169	.64
Belgium	1910	7,423,784	15,000	.20
Bulgaria	1913	4,752,997	67,650	1.42
Crete	1911	342,151	487	.14
Denmark	1911	2,775,076	5,146	.20
France	1911	39,601,509	100,000	.25
Germany	1910	64,925,993	615,021	.95
Greece	1913	4,363,000	88,300	2.02
Italy	1911	34,700,000	43,929	.12
Luxemburg	1910	259,891	1,276	.41
Netherlands	1910	5,945,155	106,309	1.79
Norway	1910	2,391,782	1,045	.04
Portugal .....	....	5,428,132	1,000	.02
Roumania	1915	7,508,009	239,967	3.19
Russian Empire	1913	170,902,900	6,946,090	4.07
Servia	1913	4,547,992	15,730	2.29
Spain .....	....	19,503,068	4,000	.02
Sweden	1910	5,136,441	3,912	.07
Switzerland	1910	3,741,971	19,023	.51
Turkey in Europe	1913	21,273,900	80,000	.37
United Kingdom	1915	46,407,037	257,000	.55
Cyprus, Gibraltar, Malta.....	1911	528,000	1,445	.27

NUMBER OF JEWS AND PER CENT OF TOTAL POPULATION BY COUNTRIES
(continued)

Countries	Year	Total Population	Jewish Population	Per ct. of total
NORTH AMERICA				
Canada	1911	7,204,838	75,681	1.05
Cuba	1910	2,220,278	4,000	.18
Jamaica	1917	850,000	1,487	.17
Mexico	1911	15,063,267	500	....
United States	1917	100,000,000	3,012,141	3.00
SOUTH AMERICA				
Argentine Republic	1917	9,000,000	110,000	1.22
Brazil	1917	20,000,000	4,000	.02
Dutch Guiana (Surinam)	1910	86,233	933	1.08
Curaçao	1917	30,000	600	2.00
Peru	1917	.....	300	....
Venezuela	1917	2,755,685	475	.01
Uruguay	1917	1,100,000	300	.02
ASIA				
Aden	1911	46,165	3,747	8.12
Afghanistan and Turkestan .....	....	5,900,000	18,135	.31
Dutch East Indies (Java, Maduro, etc.)..	1905	38,000,000	8,605	.02
Hong Kong	1911	366,145	150	.04
India	1911	315,132,537	20,980	.01
Persia	1915	9,500,000	29,500	.31
Palestine .....	....	700,000	100,000	14.28
Turkey in Asia (other than Palestine)...	1904	20,650,000	177,500	.86
AFRICA				
Abyssinia .....	....	.....	25,000	....
Algeria	1906	5,231,850	65,000	1.23
Egypt .....	....	11,287,359	50,000	.44
Morocco .....	....	5,000,000	103,712	2.11
Tripoli	1904	530,000	18,860	3.52
Tunis	1911	1,730,144	50,383	2.91
East African Protectorate	1916	4,038,000	80	.002
Rhodesia	1911	568,573	1,500	.26
Union of South Africa	1911	5,973,394	47,000	.78
AUSTRALASIA				
Australia	1911	4,455,005	17,287	.39
New Zealand	1911	1,008,468	2,128	.21

JEWS IN RUSSIAN EMPIRE IN 1913¹

European Russia ..	5,115,331	Siberia	58,730
Poland	1,675,666	Central Asia	17,532
Caucasus	78,831		
		Total	6,946,090

¹ The Russian Year Book, 1916.

JEWES IN BRITISH EMPIRE

Total, 484,218

EUROPE		ASIA	
Great Britain.....	258,500	Aden	3,747
Ireland	5,148	India	20,980
Cyprus, Gibraltar, Malta	1,445	Hong Kong and Straits Settlement..	685
AMERICA		AFRICA	
Canada	75,681	Union of South Africa	47,000
Jamaica	1,487	Egypt	50,000
Trinidad and Barba- does	50	East African Protecto- rate	80
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND			
Australia		17,287	
New Zealand.....		2,128	

JEWES IN CANADA

Province	1891	1901	1911
Alberta	12	17	1,486
British Columbia	277	543	1,265
Manitoba	743	1,514	10,741
New Brunswick	73	395	1,021
Nova Scotia	31	449	1,360
Ontario	2,501	5,337	27,015
Prince Edward Island.	1	17	38
Quebec	2,703	7,607	30,648
Saskatchewan	73	198	2,066
Yukon .....	....	54	41
Northwest Territories.	....	....	....
Totals	6,414	16,131	75,681

JEWS IN THE UNITED STATES
CITIES HAVING MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND JEWISH INHABITANTS

Cities	1905	1907	1910 ¹	1912	1917
Akron, O.	1,000	1,500	....	1,200	2,000
Albany, N. Y.	4,000	3,500	3,274	13,500	7,000
Altoona, Pa.	1,200	....	....	....	1,000
Atlanta, Ga.	2,000	3,500	2,118	10,000	10,000
Atlantic City, N. J.	800	1,250	....	3,500	3,500
Baltimore, Md.	25,000	40,000	27,142	50,000	60,000
Bayonne, N. J.	1,200	2,500	....	10,000	10,000
Binghamton, N. Y. ....	....	500	....	1,500	1,500
Birmingham, Ala.	1,400	1,500	339	1,000	3,500
Boston, Mass.	45,000	60,000	57,072	60,000	75,000
Bridgeport, Conn. ....	....	3,500	....	6,000	....
Buffalo, N. Y.	7,000	10,000	6,547	20,000	18,000
Canton, O.	600	....	....	1,000	1,000
Charleston, S. C.	800	1,500	....	2,000	2,000
Charlestown, W. Va.	142	190	....	3,000	....
Chelsea, Mass.	2,000	8,000	....	8,000	12,000
Chicago, Ill.	80,000	100,000	111,098	200,000	250,000
Cincinnati, O.	17,500	25,000	7,737	28,000	30,000
Cleveland, O.	25,000	40,000	23,169	60,000	75,000
Columbus, O.	1,500	4,000	1,334	6,000	8,000
Dallas, Tex.	1,200	4,000	....	5,000	8,000
Dayton, O.	1,200	2,500	1,065	4,500	4,000
Denver, Colo.	4,000	5,000	7,181	15,000	12,000
Des Moines, Iowa	500	3,000	....	5,500	3,200
Detroit, Mich.	8,000	10,000	10,133	25,000	40,000
Duluth, Minn.	1,000	2,000	....	2,000	2,300
Easton, Pa. ....	....	200	....	1,500	....
Elizabeth, N. J.	1,200	2,000	....	2,500	5,000
Elmira, N. Y.	1,500	1,800	....	1,500	1,200
Evansville, Ind.	800	750	....	1,000	1,400
Fall River, Mass.	1,500	7,000	3,172	7,500	....
Galveston, Tex.	1,000	1,000	....	1,000	1,100
Grand Rapids, Mich.	2	450	....	1,500	....
Harrisburg, Pa.	550	1,250	....	5,000	4,000
Hartford, Conn.	2,000	5,000	....	2,500	....
Haverhill, Mass.	200	900	....	2,500	....
Hoboken, N. J.	1,000	2,000	....	2,500	4,000
Houston, Tex.	2,500	2,500	....	5,000	5,000
Indianapolis, Ind.	2,300	5,500	2,177	6,000	10,000
Jackson, Mich. ....	....	....	....	1,600	....
Jacksonville, Fla.	312	1,000	....	2,000	....
Jersey City, N. J.	6,000	10,000	5,714	10,000	12,500
Joliet, Ill.	100	....	....	1,000	4,000
Kansas City, Mo.	5,500	8,000	3,849	8,000	12,000
Lancaster, Pa.	115	1,000	1,000	1,400	1,400
Lincoln, Nebr.	225	800	....	1,200	1,200
Little Rock, Ark.	1,000	1,300	....	1,200	1,500
Los Angeles, Cal.	2,700	7,000	5,795	10,000	20,000
Louisville, Ky.	7,000	8,000	3,300	10,000	8,000
Lowell, Mass.	800	1,200	....	1,000	....
Lynn, Mass. ....	....	1,500	....	5,000	7,500
Memphis, Tenn.	2,500	4,000	1,160	6,000	....
Milwaukee, Wis.	8,000	10,000	7,757	15,000	20,000
Minneapolis, Minn.	5,000	6,000	8,174	15,000	15,000
Mobile, Ala. ....	....	1,000	....	1,400	....
Montgomery, Ala.	1,000	1,500	....	1,500	....
Nashville, Tenn.	1,085	4,000	....	3,700	3,000
New Bedford, Mass.	1,000	....	....	....	3,500

CITIES HAVING MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND JEWISH INHABITANTS
(continued)

Cities	1905	1907	1910 ¹	1912	1917
New Britain, Conn.	200	500	....	2,500	....
New Haven, Conn.	5,500	8,000	10,550	20,000	20,000
New London, Conn.	400	250	....	2,500	1,000
New Orleans, La.	5,000	8,000	1,237	7,500	8,000
New Rochelle, N. Y. ....	....	250	....	3,000	3,000
New York, N. Y.	672,000	850,000	861,980	975,000	1,350,000
Newark, N. J.	20,000	30,000	33,887	35,000	50,000
Norfolk, Va.	1,200	2,000	....	1,000	4,000
Norwich, Conn.	125	600	....	2,000	1,200
Oakland, Cal.	227	2,000	....	3,000	....
Omaha, Nebr.	3,300	5,000	2,964	12,000	10,000
Passaic, N. J.	2,000	3,000	....	....	6,000
Paterson, N. J.	6,000	5,000	6,008	7,500	15,000
Peoria, Ill.	2,000	2,000	....	1,000	1,750
Perth Amboy, N. J. ....	....	1,000	....	3,000	5,000
Philadelphia, Pa.	75,000	100,000	120,124	150,000	175,000
Pittsburgh, Pa.	15,000	25,000	20,836	35,000	40,000
Portland, Me. ....	....	1,600	....	2,000	....
Portland, Ore.	4,000	5,000	2,041	7,000	8,000
Portsmouth, Va. ....	....	700	....	2,100	....
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	75	200	....	1,000	1,600
Providence, R. I. ....	....	10,000	....	13,000	15,000
Quincy, Mass. ....	....	350	....	1,000	....
Reading, Pa.	800	....	....	1,500	2,000
Richmond, Va.	2,500	3,000	801	3,000	3,500
Rochester, N. Y.	5,000	10,000	9,602	12,000	15,000
St. Joseph, Mo.	1,200	2,000	....	3,000	....
St. Louis, Mo.	40,000	40,000	18,870	40,000	50,000
St. Paul, Minn.	3,500	3,500	5,909	6,000	10,000
Salt Lake City, Utah ....	....	750	....	5,000	5,000
San Antonio, Tex.	800	1,800	....	3,000	3,500
San Francisco, Cal.	17,000	30,000	5,254	25,000	30,000
Savannah, Ga.	1,500	3,000	....	3,000	5,000
Scranton, Pa.	5,000	6,000	3,151	7,000	7,500
Seattle, Wash. ....	....	4,000	2,499	4,500	4,000
Sheboygan, Wis. ....	....	....	....	2,000	1,000
Shreveport, La.	700	1,250	....	1,250	1,500
Sioux City, Iowa	420	1,025	....	1,400	2,000
South Bend, Ind. ....	....	600	....	1,200	1,500
Spokane, Wash. ....	....	800	290	1,000	1,100
Springfield, Mass.	300	1,500	....	3,500	6,000
Syracuse, N. Y.	5,000	10,000	4,285	....	12,000
Toledo, O. ....	....	3,000	2,450	5,000	7,500
Trenton, N. J.	1,500	4,000	....	2,000	6,000
Troy, N. Y.	3,000	1,800	....	4,000	3,000
Waco, Tex. ....	....	600	....	1,000	1,500
Washington, D. C. ....	....	5,000	4,046	6,000	8,000
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.	1,800	2,000	....	8,000	....
Wilmington, N. C.	1,500	200	....	2,000	2,000
Woodbine, N. J.	2,000	2,100	....	3,000	3,000
Worcester, Mass.	1,000	3,000	5,578	8,000	10,000
Yonkers, N. Y. ....	....	3,000	....	4,500	5,000
Youngstown, O. ....	....	2,000	....	4,500	5,000

¹ From the Census Report of 1910 showing number of persons claiming Yiddish as their mother-tongue together with their children. The remaining figures are estimates of the Jewish Encyclopedia in 1905, the AMERICAN JEWISH YEAR BOOK in 1907, and the Industrial Removal Office in 1912.

B. JEWISH IMMIGRATION INTO THE UNITED STATES

The following tables give the main figures relating to the Jewish immigration to the United States from the year 1881 to June 30, 1917. For the earlier years, from 1881 to 1900, the results are only for the ports of New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore; from 1899 onwards, the figures are from the reports of the Commissioner-General of Immigration. In some instances the figures refer only to the year 1915-1916, continuing those of previous issues of the YEAR BOOK.

JEWISH IMMIGRATION, 1881-1900, THROUGH THE PORTS OF NEW YORK,
PHILADELPHIA, AND BALTIMORE

Year	Number Admitted	Year	Number Admitted
1881-84	74,310	1893	32,943
1885	19,611	1894	22,108
1886	29,658	1895	32,077
1887	27,468	1896	28,118
1888	31,363	1897	20,684
1889	23,962	1898	27,409
1890	34,303	1899 ¹	16,021
1891	69,139	1900 ¹	49,816
1892	60,325		
		Total	599,315

The complete statistics of immigration to the United States, as shown by the Commissioner-General's reports, are given below for the period 1899-1917. It will be seen that for this period of nineteen years Jewish immigration has been approximately 1,543,850, amounting to 10 per cent of the total immigration.

¹ To July. Includes, for Philadelphia, the figures to Nov. 1.

**NUMBER OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS AND TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS
ADMITTED TO THE UNITED STATES, 1899-1917**

Year ¹	Jewish Immigrants	All Immigrants	Year ¹	Jewish Immigrants	All Immigrants
1899.....	37,415	311,715	1908.....	103,387	782,870
1900.....	60,764	448,572	1909.....	57,551	751,786
1901.....	58,098	487,918	1910.....	84,260	1,041,570
1902.....	57,688	648,743	1911.....	91,223	878,587
1903.....	76,203	857,046	1912.....	80,595	838,172
1904.....	106,236	812,870	1913.....	101,330	1,197,892
1905.....	129,910	1,026,499	1914.....	138,051	1,218,480
1906.....	153,748	1,100,735	1915.....	26,497	326,700
1907.....	149,182	1,285,349	1916.....	15,108	298,826
			1917 ²	16,590	284,304
			Total..	1,543,836	13,598,634

¹ Year ending June 30.

² The figures for 1917 are only for the eleven months ending May 31.

Since 1908, the number of aliens leaving the United States is given as well as the number admitted. It will be observed that for the ten years the total number of Jews returning is 48,713. Approximately 8 per cent of the Jews admitted left the United States. This figure contrasts strikingly with the number of immigrants of other nationalities that leave the United States, over 30 per cent.

INCREASE THROUGH IMMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES, 1908-1917

Year ¹	Number Admitted		Number Departed		Net Increase	
	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total
1908.....	103,387	782,870	7,702	395,073	95,685	387,797
1909.....	57,551	751,786	6,105	225,802	51,446	525,984
1910.....	84,260	1,041,570	5,689	202,436	78,571	839,134
1911.....	91,223	878,587	6,401	295,666	84,822	582,921
1912.....	80,595	838,172	7,418	333,262	73,177	504,910
1913.....	101,330	1,197,892	6,697	308,190	94,633	889,702
1914.....	138,051	1,218,480	6,826	303,338	131,225	915,142
1915.....	26,497	326,700	1,524	204,074	24,973	122,626
1916.....	15,108	298,826	199	129,765	14,909	169,061
1917 ²	16,590	284,304	152	58,815	16,438	225,489
Total, 1908-1917..	714,592	7,619,187	48,713	2,456,421	665,879	4,162,766

¹ Year ending June 30.

² The figures for 1917 are only for the eleven months ending May 31.

The Jewish immigration since 1881 is approximately 1,880,000. On the basis of the percentage leaving the United States since 1908, the total number departed during this period would be 150,000, leaving a net increase through immigration of 1,730,000.

Of interest in connection with the number of immigrants admitted are the data for those rejected on application for admission and those returned from the United States after admission. The figures are shown in the table below.

IMMIGRANTS DEBARRED AND DEPORTED

Year ¹	Number Debarred		Number Deported	
	Jews	Total	Jews	Total
1899-1910	10,785	116,255	1,303	12,177
1911	1,999	22,349	209	2,788
1912	1,064	16,057	191	2,456
1913	1,224	19,938	253	3,461
1914	2,506	33,041	317	4,137
1915	1,398	24,111	68	2,670
1916	949	18,867	79	2,906
1917 ²	573	15,329	46	1,750
Total, 1899-1917	20,498	265,947	2,466	32,345

¹ Year ending June 30.

²The figures for 1917 are only for the eleven months ending May 31.

During a period of nineteen years, the number of Jews rejected on application for landing was 20,498, or approximately 8 per cent of the total number of immigrants debarred. This is considerably less than the proportion which Jews form of the total immigration for the same period—10 per cent.

For the same period, the number of Jews returned after landing was 2466, or 8 per cent of the total number deported. This, again, is lower than the proportion of Jews in the total immigration.

IMMIGRATION 1916-1917

During the year ending June 30, 1917, there were admitted 16,590 Jews. The number departing was 152. The net increase through migration was thus 16,438. The net increase for 1915-1916 was 14,909. The figures for 1916-1917 as also those for the two previous years betray the influence of the European war on Jewish as on general immigration.

Below is shown the number of Jewish immigrants for the leading ports, according to the data supplied by the National Jewish Immigration Council. They are not the complete figures for the United States, and should not be compared in detail with the Government figures.

JEWISH IMMIGRATION AT LEADING PORTS

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1916

Ports	Number of Immigrants
New York	5,957
Philadelphia .....	....
Seattle	850
Boston	94
San Francisco	225
Total, five ports	7,126

JEWISH IMMIGRATION AT LEADING PORTS BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1916

Countries	Port of New York	Total, five ports
Russia	3,480	4,552
Austria-Hungary	630	630
Roumania	183	183
Other	11,664	1,761
Total	5,957	7,126

¹ For New York, the other countries of origin given by a considerable number of immigrants are: United Kingdom, 619; Germany, 39; Turkey in Asia, 225; Turkey in Europe, 48; other Balkan countries (Bulgaria, 1; Greece, 464; Servia, 31), 496; France, 86; South America, 17; Union of South Africa, 23; and Belgium, 13.

Complete data for the 1916-1917 immigration are not yet available. The significant facts descriptive of the immigrants, the countries of origin, and their distribution in the United States, are here reproduced for 1915-1916.

IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED TO UNITED STATES AND DEPARTING THERE-
FROM, BY COUNTRIES

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1916

	Number Admitted		Number Departed		Net Increase	
	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total
Austria	479	3,171	1	230	478	2,941
Hungary	147	2,020	2	592	145	1,428
Belgium	51	986	....	24	51	962
Denmark	161	3,322	2	513	159	2,809
France, inc. Corsica	1,472	4,156	8	2,231	1,464	1,925
German Empire	98	2,877	....	439	98	2,438
Greece	661	27,034	3	4,829	658	22,205
Italy, inc. Cape Verde and Azores Islands	42	33,665	1	72,507	41	38,842*
Netherlands	98	2,910	8	351	90	2,559
Roumania	55	90	2	49	53	41
Russian Empire	2,138	7,842	45	5,259	2,093	2,583
Sweden	56	6,248	2	1,412	54	4,836
United Kingdom	1,909	24,702	27	7,884	1,882	16,818
Other European Countries.....	197	26,676	....	6,089	97	20,587
Total Europe	7,464	145,699	101	102,409	7,363	43,290
China	71	2,460	....	2,203	71	257
Japan	2	8,680	....	770	2	7,910
India .....	....	112	....	123	....	11*
Turkey in Asia	235	1,670	....	14	235	1,656
Other Asiatic Countries	25	282	....	867	25	585*
Total Asia	333	13,204	....	3,977	333	9,227
Africa	370	894	3	93	367	801
Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand	42	1,484	....	445	42	1,039
British North America	6,450	101,551	15	15,712	6,435	85,839
Central America	19	1,135	10	495	9	640
Mexico	31	18,425	....	532	31	17,893
Pacific Islands (not specified).....	1	90	....	10	1	80
South America	316	4,286	53	997	263	3,289
West Indies	82	12,027	17	5,059	65	6,968
Other Countries .....	....	31	....	36	....	5*
Grand Total	15,108	298,826	199	129,765	14,909	169,061

* Bulgaria, Servia, and Montenegro, 29; Norway, 31; Portugal, 1; Spain, including Canary and Balearic Islands, 5; Switzerland, 8; Turkey in Europe, 23.

* Bulgaria, Servia, and Montenegro, 764; Norway, 5191; Portugal, 12,259; Spain, including Canary and Balearic Islands, 5769; Switzerland, 663; Turkey in Europe, 313.

* Bulgaria, Servia, and Montenegro, 250; Norway, 1359; Portugal, 2396; Spain, including Canary and Balearic Islands, 1816; Switzerland, 201; Turkey in Europe, 18.

* Net decrease.

IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED TO THE UNITED STATES AND DEPARTING THERE-
FROM, BY STATES, 1916

States Destination or Departure	Number Admitted		Number Departed		Net Increase	
	Jews	Total	Jews	Total	Jews	Total
California	734	17,101	1	6,252	733	10,849
Colorado	20	1,119	....	496	20	623
Connecticut	156	6,788	3	2,992	153	3,796
District of Columbia	25	728	....	266	25	462
Georgia	28	225	....	51	28	174
Illinois	987	12,104	16	6,612	971	5,492
Indiana	63	1,866	....	344	63	1,522
Iowa	37	2,264	....	517	37	1,747
Kentucky	14	129	....	31	14	98
Maine	25	6,766	....	371	25	6,395
Maryland	58	790	....	620	58	170
Massachusetts	505	30,814	4	9,837	501	20,977
Michigan	1,799	26,591	1	1,836	1,798	24,755
Minnesota	422	7,619	....	1,019	422	6,600
Missouri	71	1,746	....	657	71	1,089
Montana	90	4,123	....	284	90	3,839
New Jersey	461	8,369	5	4,404	456	3,965
New York	7,649	79,968	137	47,935	7,512	32,033
North Dakota	34	2,413	....	150	34	2,263
Ohio	408	8,796	....	3,994	408	4,802
Oregon	45	1,882	....	530	45	1,352
Pennsylvania	622	17,369	13	12,682	609	4,687
Rhode Island	32	4,589	1	1,216	31	3,373
Texas	41	13,288	....	279	41	13,009
Washington	525	9,978	....	1,433	525	8,545
Wisconsin	77	2,592	....	1,002	77	1,590
Other States and Possessions	1180	28,809	3	8,497	177	20,312
Not Specified .....	....	....	15	15,458	215	215,458
Total	15,108	298,826	199	129,765	14,909	169,061

¹ Alabama, 6; Alaska, 17; Arkansas, 6; Delaware, 6; Florida, 16; Hawaii, 1; Idaho, 5; Kansas, 7; Louisiana, 9; Mississippi, 3; New Hampshire, 5; Nebraska, 14; North Carolina, 1; Porto Rico, 1; Oklahoma, 3; South Carolina, 2; South Dakota, 11; Tennessee, 17; Utah, 9; Vermont, 13; Virginia, 21; West Virginia, 7.

² Net decrease.

SEX OF IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, 1916

Sex	Jews	Total
Male	9,391	182,229
Female	5,717	116,597
Total	15,108	298,826

AGE OF IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED, 1916

	Jews	All
Under 14	3,521	47,070
14-44	10,622	220,821
45 and over	965	30,935
Total	15,108	298,826

The larger percentage of women and children among Jewish immigrants is indicative of the permanent and family character of this immigration, an aspect which is further emphasized by the low percentage of Jewish immigrants departing from the United States.

C. JEWISH IMMIGRATION INTO CANADA

For a period of sixteen years, beginning July 1, 1900, the Jewish immigration into Canada was 75,808. The immigration during the past fiscal year, ending March 31, 1916, was 65.

Below are shown the yearly figures. It will be observed that during this period the Jewish immigration has amounted to approximately 10 per cent of the immigration from all countries exclusive of the United States and the United Kingdom, but less than 3 per cent of the total immigration.

NUMBER OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS AND TOTAL NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS ADMITTED TO CANADA

Year ¹	Jewish Immigrants	Total Continental Immigrants, etc. ²	All Immigrants
1901	2,765	19,352	49,149
1902	1,015	23,732	67,379
1903	2,066	37,099	128,364
1904	3,727	34,786	130,331
1905	7,715	37,364	146,266
1906	7,127	44,472	189,064
1907 ³	6,584	34,217	124,667
1908	7,712	83,975	262,469
1909	1,636	34,175	146,906
1910	3,182	45,206	208,794
1911	5,146	66,620	311,084
1912	5,322	82,406	354,237
1913	7,387	112,881	402,432
1914	11,252	134,726	384,878
1915	3,107	41,734	144,789
1916	65	2,936	48,537
Total	75,808	885,681	3,099,348

¹ Fiscal year ended June 30 for 1900-1906; thereafter March 31.

² Excluding immigration from the United States and the United Kingdom.

³ Nine months ended March 31.

CANADIAN IMMIGRATION FIGURES

	Total	Jewish	% Jewish to all	% Jews to Non-Jews
Immigration, July 1, 1900 to March 31, 1916..	3,099,348	75,808	2.45	2.0
Deportations, December, 1902 to March, 1916.	11,718	159	1.3	1.4
Rejections, December, 1902 to March, 1916...	12,244	752	6.1	6.5

D. JEWISH POPULATION IN THE UNITED STATES—CENSUS
1917

In March of the present year, the Bureau of Jewish Statistics and Research of the American Jewish Committee was asked by the United States Census Bureau to assist it in making a Census of Religious Bodies of the country. Such a census has, of course, nothing to do with the regular national census made every ten years, being entirely separate and distinct therefrom, and concerning itself only with certain matters connected with churches, congregations, ministers, etc. The previous Religious Census was made in 1907. What the Government wants to know for the purposes of its religious census may be seen from a perusal of the two schedules which it asks to have filled out, one schedule for the church association, whatever it is, and the other for the minister, which are here given:

8-4809

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

[U 3-534]

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SAM. L. ROGERS, DIRECTOR

11-5953 CENSUS OF RELIGIOUS BODIES, 1916

1. DENOMINATION:

2. DIVISION:

3. LOCAL NAME OF CHURCH (IN FULL):

4. LOCATION:

State..... County.....
 City, town, village, or township, etc.:

5. MEMBERS—TOTAL NUMBER:

Number of males..... Number of females.....

Number under 13 years of age.....

6. DATE OF ORGANIZATION OF LOCAL CHURCH:

7. LANGUAGE OR LANGUAGES USED IN CHURCH SERVICES:

8. NUMBER OF CHURCH EDIFICES:

9. OTHER BUILDINGS USED FOR CHURCH WORK:

10. VALUE OF CHURCH PROPERTY—TOTAL..... \$.....

Of church edifices..... \$.....

Of residence of pastor (if owned by church)... \$.....

Of other buildings (if owned by church)..... \$.....

11. DEBT ON CHURCH PROPERTY—TOTAL..... \$.....

On church edifices..... \$.....

On other buildings..... \$.....

12. EXPENDED BY CHURCH DURING PAST YEAR.....	\$.....
For running expenses.....	\$.....
For repairs or improvements.....	\$.....
For benevolences	\$.....
For all other expenses.....	\$.....

13. SUNDAY SCHOOLS CONDUCTED BY LOCAL CHURCH:

Schools, number of.....	.....
Officers and teachers, number of.....	.....
Scholars, total number of.....	.....
Number of males.....	Number of females.....
Scholars who are church members, number of.....	.....

PERSON FURNISHING INFORMATION.

Name:

.....

Official title:

.....

Address:

.....

.....

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING SCHEDULE.

Answer each question to the best of your ability and return the card promptly. *Sign your name, with official title and address, in the spaces provided above.*

If exact figures are not available for number of members, value of property, expenditures, or number of Sunday school scholars, give careful estimates and mark them "*Est.*"

INQUIRY 3.—A separate card should be filled for each church; additional cards will be sent upon request.

The term "church" includes any organization for religious worship which has a separate membership, whether called a church proper, congregation, meeting, society, mission, station, or chapel, etc.

INQUIRY 5.—Give the total number of members in *this* church only, the number of each sex, and the total number under 13 years of age.

The term “members” has a variety of uses. In most Protestant bodies it is limited to “communicants”; in the Roman Catholic and Eastern churches it includes all baptized persons, while in some bodies it covers enrolled persons.

INQUIRY 8.—A church edifice is a building used for religious services. If services are held in a hall, school house, or private house, indicate by the use of those terms.

INQUIRY 9.—Specify buildings, as residence of pastor, parish house, etc.

INQUIRY 10.—Give the value of buildings, with sites and furnishings *owned* by the church and actually *used* for church services, for residence of pastor, or for parish, educational, or institutional work conducted by the church.

INQUIRY 11.—The amount of debt (if any) to be reported covers the same buildings as in Inquiry 10.

INQUIRY 12.—This relates to payments made by *this* church only. The term “running expenses” includes all salaries, rent, fuel, lights, janitor service, etc. The term “benevolences” includes missions (city, home, or foreign), ministerial relief, charity, etc. The term “all other expenses” includes payments toward general denominational expenses, as offices, meetings, bishops, secretaries, etc., and miscellaneous payments. Payment on debt is to be included with repairs or improvements.

INQUIRY 13.—Give totals for *all* schools conducted by this church, not for *each* school separately. Be careful to give the total number of scholars, and the number of each sex; and, in addition, the number of scholars who are church members.

8-4810

[U 4-535]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
 BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
 SAM. L. ROGERS, DIRECTOR

CENSUS OF RELIGIOUS BODIES, 1916

1. NAME OF MINISTER, PRIEST, OR RABBI:

.....

2. DENOMINATIONAL CONNECTION:

.....

3. LOCATION:

State: County:

City, town, village, or township, etc.:

.....

P. O. address, if different:

4. NAME, LOCATION, AND DENOMINATION OF CHURCHES WHICH YOU
 ARE NOW SERVING:

.....

5. STATE WHETHER PASTOR, ASSOCIATE OR ASSISTANT PASTOR, SUPPLY,
 EMERITUS, RETIRED, ETC.:

.....

6. TOTAL AMOUNT OF SALARY RECEIVED DURING THE PAST YEAR FOR
 CHURCH SERVICE..... \$.....

7. IF IN OTHER THAN PASTORAL OR PREACHING SERVICE, STATE OCCU-
 PATION AND POSITION:

.....

8. DATE OF ORDINATION:

.....

9. DATE OF ENTRANCE ON PRESENT PASTORATE:.....
-
10. AGE AT LAST BIRTHDAY:
-
11. STATE WHETHER GRADUATE OF
COLLEGE..... THEOLOGICAL SCHOOL.....
-

As will readily be understood, certain questions in these schedules are not precisely suitable for a Jewish congregation or minister, some inquiries having no application to the one or the other. Accordingly it was decided that the Bureau of Jewish Statistics and Research should make for the Department of Commerce a Census of Jewish Religious Bodies, and that for the purpose of doing this, it should formulate a questionnaire of its own, which should be more appropriate for the work involved, and at the same time obtain for the Bureau of Statistics itself certain information which the Government did not care about, but which for statistical purposes, the Bureau was anxious to possess. As the Bureau had among its records the names and addresses of thousands of rabbis and congregations, it was arranged that the Director of the Bureau should be made a Special Census Agent, and that, under his supervision, copies of the questionnaire referred to should be sent to all persons from whom it seemed likely that the information desired would be obtained. Such a questionnaire was duly initiated and distributed, the Government providing the thousands of franks required. It read as follows:

CENSUS OF RELIGIOUS BODIES, 1916

QUESTIONNAIRE

Please fill out all blanks and return this paper in enclosed envelope to Samson D. Oppenheim, Special Census Agent, and Director of Bureau of Jewish Statistics of The American Jewish Committee, 356 Second Avenue, New York City.

A: INFORMATION CONCERNING CONGREGATION.

1. (a) What is the total number of Jews (men, women and children) in the entire city or town of
A conservative estimate is desired. Wherever possible please state the number of families..... as well as the number of individuals
(b) Give estimate of number of Jews in entire state
2. Do you regard the Congregation in question as Orthodox, Reform or Conservative?
3. Give full official name of the Congregation
4. Give local address of same
5. (a) What is the total number of persons attending divine services?
(Please include in this total all members, pew-holders, seat-holders or other attendants, together with all members of their families.)
(b) Of the above total how many are males?
(c) How many are females?
(d) How many are children under thirteen years of age?
(e) What is the seating capacity of the place of worship?
(f) Give total attendance on the last Yom Kippur (1916)
6. What is the date of organization of the Congregation?
7. What language or languages are used in the services?
8. (a) Is worship conducted in a synagogue owned by the Congregation or in a rented building or hall? Kindly furnish particulars
- (b) Has the Congregation any branches? If so, please enter here their location
- (c) Does the Congregation own any buildings besides its synagogue? If so, please give their location, purpose and character

9. If the Congregation owns no buildings of its own, please state where services are held, giving:
- (a) Kind of building or meeting place.....
 - (b) Street address thereof
 - (c) Amount of annual rent paid, if any.....
10. (a) Give value of land, buildings, etc., owned by Congregation. \$.....
- (b) Value of synagogue and land. \$.....
 - (c) Value of rabbi's residence, if owned by Congregation. \$.....
 - (d) Value of other lands and buildings owned by Congregation, such as schools, association buildings, etc. \$.....
11. (a) Debt on synagogue (such as mortgages, etc.). \$.....
- (b) Debt on other buildings owned by Congregation. \$.....
 - (c) Other particulars as to indebtedness.....
12. Please furnish the following particulars regarding income and expenses of Congregation during the past year (12 months):
- (a) Total expenses. \$.....
 - (b) Running expenses. \$.....
 - (c) Repairs and improvements \$.....
 - (d) Charity. \$.....
 - (e) All other purposes. \$.....
 - (f) Total income of Congregation. \$.....
13. Please furnish following particulars with regard to Sabbath or Religious Schools conducted by or connected with Congregation:
- (a) Number of schools
 - (b) Number of officers (such as principal, assistant principal, etc.)
 - (c) Number of teachers
 - (d) Number of pupils: Male..... Female
 - (e) Day or days of the week on which regular sessions are held
 - (f) Length of each session Hours

B: INFORMATION CONCERNING RABBI.

- I. Name of minister (rabbi or other person regularly conducting religious services)
 - II. State and County
 - III. Post Office Address
 - IV. Name and location of synagogue or synagogues where rabbi is now serving
 - V. Give minister's official designation, stating (if not rabbi) whether Assistant Rabbi, Emeritus, Cantor, Reader, Schochet, etc.
 - VI. Total amount of salary or salaries received by him during past year (12 months) for rabbinical services, not including fees for officiating at marriages, funerals, etc. \$
 - VII. Is he engaged in any occupation other than that of officiating at services? If so, please state particulars
 - VIII. Date of rabbi's ordination
 - IX. Date when minister's connection with Congregation he is now serving began
 - X. Age of rabbi or minister at last birthday Years
 - XI. State whether minister is a graduate of a college or theological school, or both, and give names of institutions. If not such graduate, please state where rabbinical education was received
- Information furnished by
- Position
- Address
- Date

With the questionnaire was sent the following letter:

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

WASHINGTON

Office of Special Agent,

356 Second Avenue

New York

DEAR SIR:

The Bureau of the Census, United States Department of Commerce, under authority conferred by Congress, is preparing to take a census of all Religious Bodies in the United States. The Director of the Bureau of Jewish Statistics and Research of the American Jewish Committee has been designated by the Hon. Sam. L. Rogers, Director of the Census, as the agent of the Government, to take the census of the Jewish Religious Bodies of the country. We accordingly address you, requesting that you give us your assistance in this important work by answering to the best of your ability and knowledge the questions contained in the accompanying sheet, regarding your community, congregation, etc.

It is understood, of course, that all personal information, such as individual names, salaries, and the like, will be regarded as confidential, the various individual items being lost in the totals made for use in statistical tables. Should you be unprepared to reply to all of our inquiries, we trust you will respond to as many as you can. Where you may be unable to give an accurate answer, possibly you can furnish an approximate estimate, in which case it might be well to indicate that the figures given are not to be regarded as exact, by placing after them the word "estimated."

The inclosed folder covers the points concerning which there is a desire for specific information; we shall esteem it a favor if you will answer the inquiries therein, and return the paper to this office promptly. This will greatly facilitate the work of the Bureau.

We feel sure you will appreciate this opportunity afforded the Jews of America, to furnish in detail, and to secure in bulk, a volume of reliable information with regard to their religious forces; and we hope you will do everything in your power to aid us, by contributing your share of the information desired, to make a success of this investigation.

The inclosed official envelope may be used for your reply, without the payment of postage.

Very truly yours,

SAMSON D. OPPENHEIM,

Special Census Agent and Director of the Bureau of Jewish Statistics and Research.

Altogether about 10,000 inquiries were sent out, the responses on the whole being fairly satisfactory. It is true that in many cases the questions were misunderstood, and in others the persons addressed refused to respond. But enough returns were received to enable the Bureau of Statistics to make a fairly accurate estimate of the number of Jews in every state in the Union, and of the total number in the United States, as well as to furnish to the Government a large mass of new and important information of the kind it had long been seeking.

At the present time, August 1, returns are still coming in, and it is therefore impossible to give a complete history or an adequate exhibit of the results that have been obtained. But the following facts and figures may prove of interest. There are to-day in the United States, at least 3,000,000 Jews, of whom nearly one half reside in the state of New York, New York City alone containing at least 1,300,000. Contrary to the general belief, the Jews of the United States are not all concentrated in the large cities. There is a sprinkling of Jews in almost every town or village in the Union, the percentage of Jews in the smaller places (those ranging from 3000 to 10,000 inhabitants) generally averaging about one per cent of the entire population. The ten largest "Jewish" cities are as follows: New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, Cleveland, St. Louis, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Detroit, Newark. The city containing the greatest percentage of Jews is Chelsea, Mass., where between twenty-five and thirty per cent of the inhabitants are Jews. There are said to be no Jews in Guam. Porto Rico has about twenty-five, Hawaii, eighty, Alaska, sixty, Virgin Islands, seventy, the Philippines, five hundred, and the Panama Zone about two hundred.

There are in the United States about fifty cities each containing more than 100,000 inhabitants, and in most of these there is a comparatively large Jewish community, averaging (if we exclude New York City) about twenty per cent of their total population. There are in the country about sixty-five cities containing from 50,000 to 100,000 people, and, of course, there are many Jews in all of these cities. There are over 1200 cities and towns with between 5000 and 50,000 inhabitants, in nearly every one of which, if not actually in each, there is a considerable Jewish community. There are, in addition, over 700 towns, each with from 3000 to 5000 inhabitants, as well as many villages with less than 3000, and there is a little Jewish focus in nearly every one of those places likewise.